



THE DUTY OF THE NEGRO IN THE PRESENT CAMPAIGN.

THE SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH LY- CEUM PACKED.

A Distinguished Gathering Present to Hear
Lawyer Thomas L. Jones—The Presiding
Officer's Double Play—Editor Chase Receives
an Ovation—No Room for Democracy—Mr.
Newsome Hissed.

One of the most distinguished di-
cussions that ever assembled was in the
Second Baptist Church on last Sunday
afternoon. The occasion was the regu-
lar meeting of the Lyceum. The orator
of the occasion was Attorney Thomas
L. Jones, one of the most distinguished
and eloquent speakers in this country,
who was introduced by the presiding
officer, who was formerly identified
with the Democratic party and from
his actions on last Sunday, it looks as
though he is leaning that way now. The
people came to hear Lawyer Jones, who
discussed "The Duty of the Negro in
the Present Campaign," in a masterly,
eloquent and logical manner. At the
conclusion of Mr. Jones' speech he was
vigorously applauded. Mr. J. C. New-
some of Texas, an alleged negro democ-
rat was introduced by R. W. Thomp-
son, formerly connected with the last
negro democratic organization and
president of the Lyceum. This was a
surprise to everybody who immedi-
ately represented the introduction of Mr.
Newsome by hisses. During the delivery
of his address hisses were distinct and
frequent. Mr. L. M. Hershaw was the
next speaker introduced at the conclu-
sion of Mr. Newsome's address. He
chastised the audience because it re-
fused to give Mr. Newsome a re-
spectable order. Mr. Hershaw was
applauded by a few of Mr. Newsome's
colored democratic followers. The last
speaker introduced was Mr. W. Calvin
Chase, who by the way was loudly ap-
plauded when he entered the church
and when he was introduced. Mr.
Chase began to show up the inconsis-
tencies of Mr. Newsome, after he had
complimented Lawyer Jones' speech.
Mr. Newsome, continued Mr. Chase,
but a few months ago wrote a letter to
The Bee repudiating the democratic
party and its leaders, but to day he is
singing the praises of Bryan and democ-
racy. Is this political honesty on the
part of the gentleman from Texas?

Just as Mr. Chase was about to state
more of the political inconsistencies of
Newsome, the presiding officer de-
clared that the speaker was out of
order. Perhaps he was afraid that
some of his democratic inconsistencies
would be exploded and for that reason
no doubt his sympathies were New-
some inclined.

The speech of Lawyer Jones is re-
ported in full and who said:

Mr. Chairman, Friends and Fellow
Citizens: Against the people of this great
and matchless republic are con-
fronted with their greatest and gravest politi-
cal responsibility. A president and
vice president are to be elected by the
people upon issues squarely, unequivocally
and cogently stated. The election
is at hand. In a few weeks the people
will decide either to endorse the ad-
ministration of President McKinley, or
by their ballots consign it to a dire
oblivion. And in the determination of
this result, each individual citizen, in
the sovereign capacity with which he
is invested under popular institutions,
is the king. His will is the law, and
from his judgment there is no appeal.

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR.

His duty of the hour is, therefore, to
study closely the political conditions,
by which the people are "hedged
about," to arrive at that conclusion
which he conscientiously believes to
be for the welfare of the nation and
mankind in general and to cast his bal-
lot accordingly.

It has taken centuries—nay, it has
required ages for mankind to reach
this exalted plane of individual respon-
sibility. It required wars and blood-
shed—suffering and desolation for the
first republic to be established. And
in the evolution of these great United
States, from the sacred hour when the
pilgrim fathers landed at Plymouth
Rock in 1620, to this present time, it
required lofty sacrifices, arduous strug-
gles, four great wars, countless treas-
ure and blood to place our nation, in
that preeminent altitude, which it oc-
cupies today among the great nations
of the earth. When kindly oppression
was for ever driven from our country—
when in independence was declared, and
the Constitution of the United States
was written and adopted, our colonial
history was at an end. The men of
iron nerve who had bivouacked for
seven years, through storm and hard-
ships, devotion to liberty, knew no
limitations, returned to home and fire-
side, and wrought for the upholding of
the new republic. And for nearly three
quarters of a century the economical
development of the nation became the
marvel of the world. The wilderness
had disappeared before the hardy pio-
neer and on the very spots where he
died, red and black men had met in
deadly and unrelenting conflict in the
wilderness, hamlet, town and city were
reared as if by magic—civilization had
met barbarism—barbarism had met its
doom. And then followed another and
far greater conflict. Civilization had
to fight itself—slavery was here—slavery
was wrong; an error is always
doomed to extinction sooner or later
and God Almighty always knows the
exact hour of its death.

THE GREAT CONTEST.

The long and eventful contest be-
tween the Democratic party on one

side and the Whigs on the other, was
fruitful of nothing but compromises on
the slave question. The democracy
was then as it is now positive, bold and
defiant. The Whigs were irresolute,
though capable and talented. Irresolu-
tion must always go before resolution,
and the Whig party passed out of
the political arena, and left the Demo-
cratic triumphant everywhere, but a
standing menace to liberty.

WHAT THE REPUBLICAN PARTY HAS DONE.

The Chicago convention of 1860 fol-
lowed. It was by far the most im-
portant political gathering, which
had occurred in the history of mankind.
For it was at that convention that Illi-
nois shouted Abraham Lincoln into
the presidency. The Republican party
turned its face to the Democracy and
drove it from power and under its rule
the greatest war of modern history was
fought to a successful conclusion, and
after the nation had been baptized
in blood and drenched in the tears of
widows and orphans, the slave became
a man, and his liberties were exalted
to full citizenship by the amendments
to the national constitution. And from
1860 down to this present time, the Re-
publican party has enacted every great
law, which has been incidental to the

of all commodities have advanced.
Labor is employed everywhere. The
nation has been redeemed to prosper-
ity. And Mr. Bryan's theories have
been shattered and demolished and he
stands before the people a conspicuous
but discredited prophet. He knew
that his 16 to 1 hobby would not be
tolerated again, even by his own party
as a paramount issue, and with the
forethought and cunningness of a political
mountain-bank, he was determined to
create an issue, by which he could go before
the people and pose an advocate of
liberty. His 16 to 1 having vanished
into thin air—having been proven to
be an unsound economic principle he
now comes forward with imperialism as
the paramount issue in this cam-
paign.

IMPERIALISM AND THE PARIS TREATY.

This cry of imperialism has been raised
by the Democratic party, because un-
der the Paris Treaty, the Philippine
Archipelago was ceded to the United
States by Spain as a result of conquest,
by war, and the United States agree-
ing to pay \$20,000,000 to Spain for cer-
tain public improvements on the Isl-
ands. There were democratic mem-
bers on the Treaty Commission which
met the Commissioners of Spain at
Paris. The treaty was drawn up and

The responsibility for the colonies do
not belong to the Republican party
any more than it belong to the demo-
cratic party, and if there is any imperi-
alism in the Nation, Mr. Bryan is re-
sponsible for it, for it was he who
urged the passage of the Paris treaty,
just at the time when it was known the
treaty would fail of ratification. A
party which cannot be trusted with the
liberty of the negro in the United
States cannot be trusted with the lib-
erty of the Filipinos or any other race
struggling for freedom. A party which
legislated the negro into citizenship
gave him every constitutional liberty
enjoyed by every other American can
be trusted to deal with the Filipinos,
and it is the duty of the black man in
the present campaign to stand like a
gibbiter of political strength, in the
ranks of the Republican party. It is
the party of liberty at home, and is
therefore the party which can be trust-
ed with liberty of others abroad.

The democratic party is the party of
fraud, repudiation, business depression,
mob violence, dishonor and panic at
home. It is the party which is strik-
ing down the liberties of the our peo-
ple all over the South, and it cannot
be trusted to deal with the Filipinos.

THE NEGRO AND THE SOUTH.

The negro has grown up in the South;

would mean a repudiation of democra-
tic political methods in the South and
elsewhere—the triumph of sound econ-
omics and the vindication of the Republi-
can party, for those wise and beneficent
laws which have marked the unparal-
leled development of our country from
1860 down to the year of 1900.

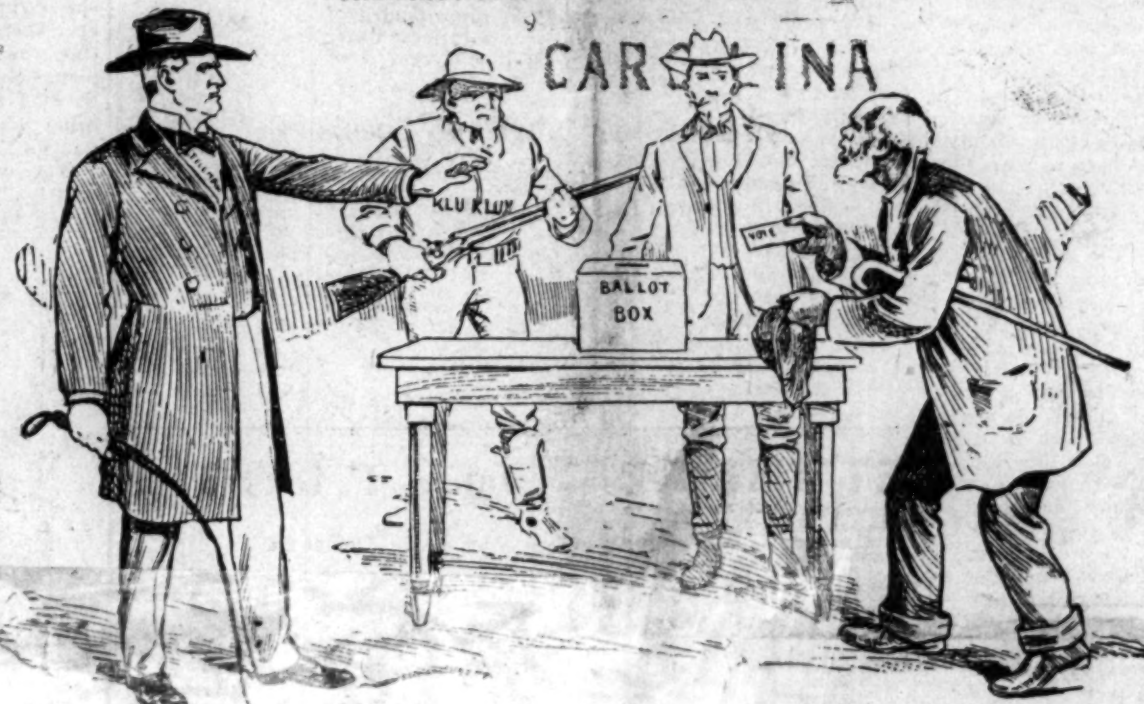
Let every negro do his duty. Let
him stand in these middle Western
States in platoons thousands deep on
election day, dropping his ballots as
softly as the descending flakes of snow,
and so numerous as to insure the tri-
umphant election of President Wm. Mc-
Kinley.

HOW SHALL I VOTE?

Suppose I am a skilled mechanic.
What was I doing as late as the sum-
mer of 1896? Oh, I remember, I was
looking for a job. Had been out of
steady work for nearly three years—
partly on account of strikes; and then
I was sick, off and on, for months be-
cause I had to eat poor food (I had
mighty little money saved up for "a
rainy day.") and the doctor said I
couldn't work without proper nourish-
ment.

And the wife had to take in washing
to keep her body and soul together.
And the children had to give up going

THE NEGRO DISFRANCHISED THE FIRST STEP INTO A NEW SLAVERY



SENATOR TILLMAN IN CONGRESS—"We do our best to keep every negro in our State from voting"

marvelous development of the nation.
And during all these forty years of na-
tional development, it has been out of
power, but for two democratic admin-
istrations. And the people will deter-
mine in November next whether it
shall continue in its work of building up
and fostering, under wise tariff laws—
American industries and commerce, or
whether the party of reaction and panic
shall be given a vote of confidence.

THE NEGRO'S DUTY.

It is eminently proper that we should
consider at this time what the duty
of the negro is in the present campaign.
And in order to aid us in arriving at
an intelligent appreciation of that duty
we should look beneath the surface of
things. He should read platforms, but
he should also read and observe party
actions. He should listen to the utter-
ances of men, but he should also watch
their actions. He should listen to the-
ories, but he should examine hard facts.
He should observe effects, but study
causes. And above all he should ally
himself with that party which has
shown itself to be the party of liberty
at home, as the best party to be in-
trusted with the liberties of others.

The democratic party has raised the
cry of imperialism, as the paramount
issue in the campaign. It comes for-
ward with the claim that it is wrong to
invade the Philippine Islands and
deprive Mabini and Aguinaldo of power.
And Senator Tillman of South Caro-
lina has become one of the most ar-
dent and vociferous champions of lib-
erty.

With his own hands reeking in the
blood of inoffensive negroes at Ham-
burg and boasting in his canvass for
the Senate, of the diabolical part he
played in the deed of blood and massa-
cre he now cries out liberty for a peo-
ple whom he has never seen, and who
are just about eleven thousand miles
from South Carolina. He places his
heel upon the necks of negroes in his
own state and country and urges
the democratic party to rule in the
South by assassination and violence and
cries out for the liberty of the Filip-
inos.

TILLMANISM AND HYPOCRACY.

The attitude of Senator Tillman upon
the negro question is the attitude
of the Democratic party in the pres-
ent campaign. Engaged in the infamous
task of nullifying the 14th and 15th
Amendments to the Constitution with
ruthless and murderous hands, strik-
ing down the liberties of black Ameri-
can freemen in their own country—the
democratic party cries loudly for the
political independence of the Tagals.
They talk about the consent of the
governed. Was there ever such gross
manifest and conspicuous hypocrisy?
No of course not. In 1896 Mr. Bryan
made his lightning campaign on the
16 to 1 issue. He told the people of
the country that unless he were elect-
ed President a great calamity would
befall the nation. The prices of all
commodities would fall. Labor would
be thrown out of employment and kept
out. And that there would be no relief
for the people except in his election and
the triumph of his party. How has his
prophecies been fulfilled? The prices

submitted to the United States Senate
for ratification as provided for by the
Constitution. And it is a matter of
record, that the cession of the Philip-
pine Islands would have been rejected
by the Republican Senate, had it not
been for Mr. W. J. Bryan. He came to
Washington as the national leader of
the democratic party—he urged upon
democratic Senators the necessity of
ratifying that treaty through his
active and personal efforts in support
of the treaty it was finally ratified.

The Philippine Islands became law-
ful territory of the United States, and
no other course was open to President
McKinley, but to maintain the sover-
eignty of the nation in those Islands.
And Mr. Bryan is the one man in our
country, who is more responsible than
any other for the conflict which was
precipitated upon the American arms
in the Philippines. He had to have an
issue in his campaign. For free silver
he died. And with dangerous cunning,
he encouraged the ratification of the
Paris Treaty, in order that he might
come forward in this campaign with
the cry of imperialism. It is the duty
of not only every negro in the nation
to stand loyally by the Republican
party, but every American who loves po-
litical honesty—who hates deception,
cunning and hypocrisy and who do
not believe it patriotic to turn their
backs upon brave men who have been
treated treacherously and shot to
pieces, who have died of pestilence
and disease in far away Luzon, up-
holding courageously the flag of the
nation.

THE BLOOD OF THE NATION.

In the trenches around Manila the
blood of the nation's warriors has been
shed. In the heat and waste of the
jungle they have fought an unseen foe—
black men are there as well as white
men; and every patriotic instinct of the
people insist that President McKinley
shall carry this conflict through until
the last vestige of rebellion is crushed
out, and American authority acknowl-
edge supreme.

This Philippine situation is one of
the far reaching results of the war with
Spain. You all know how the demo-
cratic party, desirous of obtaining a
monopoly on patriotism clamored for
that war. How democratic newspapers
all over the nation denounced the
President because he moved too slowly
for them. When in reality the Presi-
dent was calmly and carefully study-
ing the national resources, and calculat-
ing upon the ruin and waste, which
was sure to follow. Getting the nation
in readiness for the conflict quietly,
swiftly and splendidly. He called upon
Congress for fifty million dollars,
equipment, and authority to raise
volunteers. And from the very hour,
that Spanish oppression be-
came stifled and destroyed in Cuba
and Porto Rico and the Philippines—the
democratic party has been decrying
every result of that war.

NEW RESPONSIBILITIES.

The cry of Imperialism is the cry of
reaction. The result of the war with
Spain, brought new and unfilled re-
sponsibilities to the nation. And the
Administration of President McKinley
has met with energy and patriotism.

has been the indispensable labor fac-
tor there; has lived in the midst of the
democracy for three centuries, and if
there are any real liberty loving people,
anxious to make a record as the con-
servators of human freedom—let them
first abolish the Jim Crow Car. Let
them cease nullifying the 14th and 15th
Amendments to the Constitution. Let
them cease electing red handed assassi-
nators to the Senate and House of Repre-
sentatives. Let them cease lynching
black men every day. Let them cease
driving black men from their homes at
the muzzle of guns. Let them cease
putting to death black federal office
holders, because they are black. And
if Mr. Bryan is the great apostle of
liberty which he claims to be let him
come out and denounce in the injustice,
oppression, assassination, lynching and
outrage, which is being perpetrated
upon the black man in his own country.

My friends the Democratic party
in this campaign stands without issue.
16 to 1 is dead and buried. Imperi-
alism is a fraud. The trust are denounced
by both party platforms, and by Presi-
dent McKinley in his letter of accept-
ance in language forcible and ringing.
It is the duty of the Negro in this
campaign to stand loyally by the Republi-
can party, because it is the party of
progress, prosperity and patriotism. It
is not a perfect party, it may have con-
spicuous obvious faults, but it is the
best party in this country, at this time.
Its leaders are men of intelligence.
They have never enacted a law aimed
to degrade the black man. They have
lifted him up every where. They have
never struck him down, and the testi-
mony which has been given by dis-
gruntled politicians, that the Republi-
can party is trying to get rid of the
negro, is refuted by the fact, that hun-
dreds of appointments of black men to
federal officers in the nation and in the
departments at Washington have been
made under the Administration of
President McKinley. He has been our
friend, without being the enemy of
any one. He has consistently sought
the national welfare at home and
abroad. He has administered affairs of war
together with the internal economy
stamp him as a masterful and diligent
statesman.

THE TRIUMPH OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

If in the present campaign the demo-
cratic party should triumph it would
mean a vindication of their outrages
and pillage upon the liberties of our
people in the South. It would mean
the triumph of Tillman and all the
forces of reaction and intolerance, vio-
lence and assassination for which he
so eminently stands. It would mean
the triumph of Bryan and hypocrisy,
free silver and class hatred. It would
mean the triumph of socialism and an-
archy. It would mean the triumph of
free silver, panic and in lustrial depres-
sion.

The election of President McKinley
would mean the triumph of patriotism,
renewed confidence in the business
world. Industrial development, geo-
graphical and commercial expansion,
the triumph of law and order.

McKINLEY'S ELECTION.

The election of President McKinley

to the public school because their
clothes were too ragged.

But the clouds rolled by when Mc-
Kinley was made President. People
who had money began to put it where
it would do good. They invested it in
roads and machinery, in railroad con-
struction, in houses and office build-
ings, in every sort of way that would
furnish work to the mechanic and the
laborer; and where are we now? God
knows that in all this broad land any
man who wants work with his two
hands can get work, and at good
wages.

And it costs less for bread and meat
and clothes, and for some of the lux-
uries of life than it did during the hard
times under a Democratic President
when there was no money or job to be
had.

And whether I am a Democrat or
Republican, I know now on which side
my bread is buttered, and here goes
my vote for four years more of the "full
dinner pail," brought to me by Presi-
dent McKinley. God bless him.

Hanna and His Men.

The Bryanites have been holding up
Mark Hanna as the great ogre whose
only object in life was to crush the life
out of some workingman, and get a
few dollars for the remains. At last
Mr. Hanna has said a word in self-def-
ence, and this is what he says:
"I never lied to my men, and I never
refused my men what was justly due
them. I am president of a mine up in
Lake Superior, where 2,000 men are
employed. Four years ago Mr. Bryan
went up there to tell miners what a ter-
rible man I was. I ordered the mine
shut down for a half day—but I did not
shut off the pay—and told my men to
go and see Bryan. They turn their
backs on him and went home. Later
they sent me resolutions to the effect
that they were glad they had a chance
to resent the insult that had been offer-
ed me on my own property."

Mr. Hanna is satisfied to let it go at
that, and it would seem as if he could
afford to.

Champ Clark's Change of Tune.

Champ Clark of Missouri who is now
going around the country berating Mc-
Kinley and Hanna for the consequences
of the Spanish war, loudly denounced
them two years ago for trying to avoid
a war with Spain. Speaking in the
House of Representatives, on January
20, 1898, he called forth loud applause
on the Democratic side with the fol-
lowing:

"In these days of McHannism our
foreign policy is so feeble, so cringing,
so cowardly, that even old and decrepit
Spain insults our flag, maltreats our
citizens and searches our ships with
perfect impunity; and President McKin-
ley, instead of sending men-of-war
to protect our honor, assert our
supremacy and teach the insolent
and impudent 'Don's' a lesson (ap-
plause) they would never forget, passes
the hat around and invites the Ameri-
can people to contribute alms for the
starving and dying Cubans." (Ap-
plause.)

BISHOP HOOD ON ISSUES.

How a Self-Respecting Afro-Ameri-
can Can Be an Honest Demo-
crat Is Beyond My Com-
prehension.

DEMOCRATIC PARTY STILL OPPOSES RACE

The Democratic Party is Responsible
for Every Enactment for the Op-
pression of Afro-American Race
from Fugitive Slave Law to North
Carolina Disfranchisement.

When I was set apart to the office of
bishop, the then Senior Bishop J. J.
Clinton took me aside and told me
that it would not be well for me to
continue to take an active part in
politics.

I have tried to follow his advice, but
have had sometimes the experience of
which Bishop Moore once complained.
Some one said that he as a bishop
ought not to meddle with politics.
The bishop said the trouble was
that politics would not let him alone.
When politics quit bothering him he
would quit bothering with politics.

In this year of grace politics seems
to have much to do with the bishops.
Several have found it necessary to
deny the statement that they have
become democrats.

So far as I know, no public state-
ment to that effect has been made re-
specting myself. But as I have trav-
eled attending to my Episcopal du-
ties I have learned that a report has
been circulated that Bishop Hood has
turned democrat. And I have found
my people much excited over it. And
I do not blame them for the feeling
manifested.

For the Afro-American who forsakes
the interest of his people at this time
deserves their contempt.

They are not ignorant respecting
political conditions, as some profess to
think. They understand the situation
and know how to vote. Neither are
they indifferent, as some would make
believe.

It is true that large numbers in
some sections failed to vote, but it
was not the result of indifference, but
because they were not permitted to
register.

There never has been a time in
which they were more anxious to
vote, and if they had been permitted
to do so ninety-nine out of every hun-
dred would have voted against the
amendment.

The multitudes which are now leav-
ing North Carolina, many of them at
a great sacrifice of property, is an
indisputable evidence of the wide-
spread discontent.

The democratic party is responsible
for every enactment for the oppres-
sion of the Afro-American, from the
passage of the fugitive slave law, the
sum of all villainies enacted about 50
years ago, down to the latest act of
disfranchisement in North Carolina.

It has also opposed in the national
congress every measure proposed in
the interest of the Afro-American
race.

With this record in view, how any
self-respecting Afro-American can be
an honest democrat is a mystery be-
yond comprehension.

No democrat in North Carolina who
knows me would believe me sincere if
I pretended it. I should lose their
respect as well as my own. Besides
this, I do my own thinking, and there
is not an important plank in the dem-
ocratic platform to which I could hon-
estly subscribe. I believe in protec-
tion to American industry. The ten-
dency of the democratic doctrine is to-
ward free trade, to which I am un-
alterably opposed.

I believe in a dollar worth 100 cents.
The tendency of the democratic policy
is toward a dollar worth only about
47 cents. I know they claim that by
legislation they can make 47 cents'
worth of silver equal to 100 cents; but
I do not care for a metal dollar which
needs that kind of help to make it go.
I want the standard of value to rest
upon a dollar which stands upon its
own merit. The gold dollar is such,
and therefore is the universal stand-
ard of values.

I believe in expansion, which was
once a democratic doctrine when an
outlet for the extension of slavery was
desired; but even in that a falling
from grace is now witnessed.

I might mention other points of dif-
ference, but think this sufficient to
show that I could not be an honest
democrat, even if I had a grievance
against the opposite party—which I
have not.

I do not care to deal in personal-
ities, hence I need not to say much
about candidates. But I may remark
that I have seen nothing to change
my very high opinion of President
McKinley.

He has certainly done as well by my
people as any president we have ever
had. Much better than some who
have been held in higher esteem by
leaders of the Afro-American race.

In my opinion, he has done more
for the material development of the
nation than any president we have had
(CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE.)



THEY SAY—

Bryan is on the run.
There is no quarters for him.
The negro will support McKinley.

There is honor in the negro.
If you see it in THE BEE you can depend on it.

The Board of Education is doing a good work.
Gen. Harries is not an enemy to negro education.

Some people will tell all they know.
The man who can tell the truth is an honest man.

Do your duty and be happy.
Some people will betray their best friends.

Why confine it to the negro alone.

Don't believe all you hear, it is unwise.

Speak kindly of your neighbors.
Don't be in a hurry to believe all you hear.

The colored politicians are selfish.

In some states they don't want them to come.

If you are right, then go ahead.

Be careful of what you say.

The negro as a rule has but little faith in one another.

He imagines that the white man can do more than he who identified with the race.

The W. Calvin Chase Republican Club is a great organization.

The democratic party is a thing of the past.

That is, it will be after November 6th.

The greatest defeat that Bryan will experience will be after the 6th day of November.

Do as you think best, and you will succeed.

If a man does his duty there isn't anything more for him to do.

The noblest man in the world is the one who knows no prejudice.

A diplomatic politician is an evasive liar.

Never imagine that you are more important than what people think you are.

John W. Patterson is making a successful practitioner.

He is fast coming to the front.

Watch the man who makes you many promises.

THE BEE is an unequivocal defender of the administration.

Watch your own acts and let other peoples' alone.

It is as much as you can do as to let other peoples' business alone.

There is still a division among the district democrats.

There should be suffrage in the District of Columbia.

Dr. Purvis has left town to receive medical attention.

His political satellites are still carrying the crutch.

The next time they hunt the "Lord's Anointed," they will break their necks.

They will remember the Philadelphia Convention.

Speaking of the Philadelphia Convention, what has become of "Invincible Blaines."

One half of Senator Teller's silent followers have returned to McKinley.

The man from Indiana is on the hog.

If you are worth anything merit will show itself.

Park Temple church has been increased in membership and Rev. Brown is not on the school board either.

No republican need apply for a place under the District government.

Why don't you subscribe for THE BEE Kelly instead of borrowing it.

Shall it be sent to you for one year?

A man who is too mean to subscribe for a paper he abuses and reads that paper, is a knave.

Some people are mean enough to do anything.

When you find a good friend stick to him.

From whom did you borrow this paper?

The musical agony is over and the Kansas candidate has won.

There will be another chance some day.

When will home talent be appreciated?

There is not so much bossism in the schools.

A teacher has a show now.

A few bosses made to know their places will do some good.

KEEPS HIS PROMISE.

The Peculiar Case of Jonathan Reed, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Told His Wife on Her Deathbed She Should Never Be Buried Out of His Sight and Now Lives in Her Tomb.

Among the features of Evergreens cemetery, Brooklyn, there is none that has caused more comment than the Jonathan Reed tomb. It contains the body of Mary E. Reed, who died in March, 1893, and is also the home of Jonathan Reed, who was her husband. They had been married 25 years when Mrs. Reed died. On her deathbed Reed promised his wife that she should never be buried out of his sight, but that he would have her body where he could see it. This promise he has carried out. The metallic coffin which contains the body has been so placed that he can see the face at will.

The handsome tomb was built soon after the death of Mrs. Reed, and was arranged to accommodate only two coffins. The one containing the body stands at the right as one enters the tomb, and on the left is an empty coffin of the same pattern resting on marble slabs. The interior of the tomb is arranged with a view to making it "cozy and homelike." The walls are decorated with the handiwork of the dead woman, pictures, bric-a-brac, etc. The floor is covered with rugs, and the exterior is tastefully decorated with growing plants in costly vases. In speaking of the man who reared the tomb, a man who occupies it most of the time, a man who knows him said to a New York Times reporter:

"There is considerable misapprehension regarding the motives that induced him to take up his present residence. The casual observer would suppose that he is possessed of a peculiar state of mind bordering on insanity, though one has only to engage in conversation with him for a few moments, when the fact of his sanity will be established in the mind of the visitor.

He believes religious sentiment to be the result of geographical chance in the matter of birth, and that the crank is the man who breaks loose from the ironbound dogmas of his brothers, and had it not been for the cranks the human race would have remained aborigines. He does not deny his unbelief in a future state, but says: 'If there is a life beyond the grave it will be all right, but I shall make the best of this life, and be with my wife while I can.' He thinks the only difference between him and his wife is that the spark has simply gone out of her body, and that she is only sleeping or in a torpid condition. He does not think that God calls anyone from this life, but that death is simply an act of nature, and that he cannot 'accuse God of being a murderer.'

"Mr. Reed possesses a sense of humor that will save a man from becoming despondent. He laughs like a man who lives amid scenes of mirth, instead of one who spends most of his time in and about a tomb. His memory is as extraordinary as his life. He takes pleasure in relating the experiences of his past life, the humorous as well as the sad side of it, and his manner of expression makes it the more interesting. He lives as he does because he enjoys it, and, possessing his theories of life, he could enjoy nothing else. To be separated from the one whom he loved would make him most miserable and wretched."

A picture of his wife hangs on the door of the tomb, and under this the following inscription has been placed: "Let those who seek not knowledge pass by this tomb, and those who fail to learn the secret of life in death depart.—Reed."

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Manufacturer of Plain and Ornate.

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All work Firstclass.

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When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine, do not be deceived by advertising and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

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NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, silk on both sides of needle (patented), no other has it. New Stand (patented), driving wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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Charges low.

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IMPROVED TRUSS.

It adjusts itself so perfectly to the rupture that it is impossible for it to become displaced.

It permits the utmost freedom of motion with perfect safety.

All uncomfortable and injurious steel spring pressure is avoided.

The pad is held in place by woven bands, which retain an equal pressure in all positions of the body.

It can be worn in bed, a great desideratum to the young as tending to a perfect cure.

It is the only suitable truss for children and females.

The proper amount of pressure can be brought to bear and maintained in any position without pinching or chafing the wearer.

It will cure hernia if placed on the patient sufficiently early.

Excepting umbilical, it is the best truss ever offered for all kinds of hernia.

It is so perfect and comfortable in its adjustment that the patient in a short time forgets he is wearing it. (See the certificate of Mr. Daniel Johnson.)

Sent postage paid to any address on receipt of price; \$3 for single and \$4 for double truss.

In ordering, give location of hernia, right or left side.

Satisfaction given money refunded when the truss is returned in good order. Address:

L. C. Bailey,

Room 15, 609 F St., N. W.

or 2921 M St., N. W., Was. D. C.

East Booms Piano Trade.

The Earl of Dysart is presenting a piano to each family on his estate where he finds that any of the children show an aptitude for music.

HAS DONE PENANCE.

The Bee.

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The Insult will be Rebuked.

It was really refreshing to observe the bustle and confusion and contention manifested when the democratic candidate touched Washington. The rival wings of the democratic party, no sooner than they heard that Bryan would be here, began a ludicrous skirmish to see which clique could win the smiles and do the most acknowledged honor to the much indorsed candidate.

But to the chagrin and astonishment of both wings the wily candidate did not design to notice the brave Jacksonians but breakfasted where he would not be disturbed by the horde who bow at his shrine but who do not vote. On the eve of his departure, the "Care of the Winds" condescended to make a short talk which was an abbreviated rehearsal of the slush and fallacies with which he has been amusing, if not instructing, the people of the country.

It is said that a colored man who was not permitted to get near enough to touch the hem of Bryan's garment was ruthlessly told by one of the admirers of the democratic candidate that "this is no place for niggers," and that "when Bryan comes in you will be kept in your place."

We were not present to hear this but it sounds very much like some of our local democrats who not content with seeing the colored people disfranchised, lynched and otherwise mal-treated by democrats, insist on denying them the privilege of even looking at the man who hopes to represent the democracy in the White House.

It must be cheering to those colored people who are contemplating voting for Bryan at the next election. The oft-repeated statement which we see in the columns of our democratic contemporary to the effect that the democratic party is the friend of the colored people and will protect them in their rights and privileges, sounds out of tone with the general treatment which has been accorded him by democrats-at-large.

For fire and empty platitudes cannot catch the colored voter. He has learned from experience and will demand fair treatment based upon a previous record of a disposition to do him justice and will not be led off by empty promises. When the democrats show a disposition to let us alone, at least, in the enjoyment of our natural, God-given rights and Constitutional privileges, there will be time enough to think about supporting Mr. Bryan and his cohorts. But at present, while the great bulk of the democratic party is concerned in divesting the colored people of every vestige of civil and political rights and in high places declaring that the colored men are thieves and the colored women prostitutes, not only will the colored voter not vote the democratic ticket but will bend every energy toward an overwhelming defeat. This is the attitude which self-respect and com-

mon decency demand and which all friends of the race confidently expect. The time has come when the negro who plays the role of Iscariot, in seeking to betray the race into the hands of the enemy, ought to be branded as a villain and treated as such by all decent people.

The prospect of an Administration headed by Bryan and assisted by such men as Altgeld, Tillman, Croker and a horde of negro-haters, visionists, malcontents, marplots and revolutionists, is not alluring to the colored voters and they will prefer to assist in having an Administration which has been the friend and the benefactor of the colored people, invested them with all of the rights and privileges which they now enjoy and which will, if not obstructed by democrats, assist us to advance upon all lines which make for race advancement and the development of true man-hood and woman-hood.

The colored man who had a right to see Mr. Bryan at the B. and P. depot may see him later and in the silent administration of a straight republican vote administer a rebuke both to the indirect and immediate perpetrator of the insult.

Indications point to the election of McKinley; still it behooves the colored people to show the same determination to prevent democracy from coming into power which the democracy shows in denying us our rights.

Opposed to Themselves.

It is not surprising to the white of the country to see so many negroes oppose one another. The present campaign has fully demonstrated the duplicity and treachery of the negro to one another. Certain negroes complain of the white men's opposition and injustice toward them, when they are more inimical to one another than those, whom they claim are opposed to them. In certain states invitations were sent to some few representative colored men to speak; to the surprise of the managers, white, there came up a howl from the alleged state leaders protesting against bringing other colored speakers into their states. The flimsy pretext set up by these, would be leaders, that negroes from the South, who cannot give a vote get all officers, while they, the alleged states and would be, national leaders are ignored and get no credit for what they do, and the influence they exert in carrying their states. These negroes, really imagine that they carry their states. If some of them only knew and could imagine what little influence they had, they would not protest against their brethren in the South. If the Southern Negroes get all the officers, it demonstrates the fact that they are better politicians than the Northern Negro, who does nothing but complain against the success and ingenuity of his brother south.

Suppose such flimsy protests were made by white republican leaders in states? What success would the republican ticket have?

The negro is opposed to himself.

His Double Play.

There was a double play at the Second Baptist Church Lyceum on last Sabbath afternoon.

It was announced that Attorney Thomas L. Jones would read a paper, entitled, "The Negro in the Present Campaign." To the surprise and chagrin of Mr. Jones, at the conclusion of his paper a colored democrat was introduced and read a prepared paper supporting the democratic party. It was so disgusting to the large audience present that the colored democratic speaker was hissed. The audience was surprised to learn that this same negro democrat had written a letter about six months ago repudiating the democratic party. This colored democrat did not say in his paper as he should have said, that about the same time he repudiated the democratic party he appealed to colored republicans to indorse him, as a republican and have him reinstated in the Pension office from which place he was discharged. What the presid-

ing officer meant by his double barrel action, can only be explained by his former affiliation with O. H. J. Taylor and his Democratic League that was in existence some years ago.

In the southern states about a month before election the democratic committee meets and decides what the majority is to be. In many of the states the republicans cast a majority of the votes, but they are not counted.

Former Senator Butler, of South Carolina, says there are no gentlemen in politics. That is probably true in the Tar Heel state. Specimens like Tillman, who are sent up north to do democratic campaign work, are certainly not very gentlemanly in their manners.

The hard-fisted wage earners are shouting for McKinley; the business men are longing for the reelection of McKinley; the sensible farmers are pulling for McKinley; the poor deluded dupes who were induced to vote for Bryan in 1896 are howling for McKinley; and the ladies, God bless them, are naming their babies "William McKinley."

A cut of Frederick Douglass, intended for an Afro-American paper, fell into the hands of a white democrat of New Orleans, who wrote back to Chicago, upon a piece of dirty paper: "Thanks for your cut of Douglass. The children use it for sharpening their school pencils and find it the equal of sand paper in every respect." This is a good illustration of the bitter prejudices held by southern democrats against the greatest man the Afro-American race has ever produced.

While President McKinley and other republican leaders hesitated, in the unprepared condition of the country, the voice of the democratic party was for immediate and unconditional war; but when the Spanish war was over and only the rightful authority of the government was to be maintained over its newly-acquired possessions, the attempt to maintain it became, to democratic minds, an evidence as in 1864, of imperialism.

Appreciating the superior services of the Afro-American troops in the recent war with Spain, President McKinley decided to increase the number of regiments in the regular army, and on the 8th of September, 1899, issued an order for the organization of two new regiments of infantry, to be composed of Afro-Americans. The democrats protested against this action, but to no avail. These regiments are now on duty in the Philippines.

The prominence of the Afro-American in the republican party and the fact that the race has been given so much recognition under McKinley is one of the special points of attack by democratic spellbinders. Should the democratic party succeed in November thousands of Afro-Americans would lose their official heads, thousands in mercantile, industrial and agricultural pursuits would be thrown out of work. The loss of salaries in governmental places would be not less than \$5,000,000. The loss in other lines would be not less than \$100,000,000.

Kansas and Mississippi each have seven congressional districts. The average vote for each congressman in Kansas is 21,043; in Mississippi 3,195. In Mississippi 27,197 persons hold in their hands, "without the consent of the governed," the destinies of 1,123,183 people. In Kansas the interests of 1,392,836 people is entrusted to 280,985 voters, for practically the same number of people. This is a crime against the political rights of Kansas and every other honest state in the union.

The special grand jury which was empaneled at Akron, O., to pass upon the cases of the persons arrested in connection with the recent riots in that city has made a report, finding 55 true bills and returning 45 indictments. The list of persons against whom indictments were returned includes a member of the city council of Akron and a prominent business man. Ohio is a republican state. Such a thing would be impossible in any southern democratic state.

In Arkansas, the home state of Chairman Jones, of the national democratic committee, the elections are conducted almost entirely by democratic officials. Nominally the republicans and populists have one judge at each precinct, but the judges are selected by the two democratic commissioners, and the republican commissioner has no voice in the matter. The republican commissioner recommends prominent merchants, planters and business men, but his two democratic associates reject these and choose in their stead men of no standing as republicans or otherwise, dead beats, dive-bums and loafers. Under these circumstances, thousands of republicans never go near the polls, knowing as they do that the elections are huge swindles. And they know that the law is such as to leave no remedy whatever. That was the intent of the law when enacted.

There are 18,267 Afro-Americans in the public service.

Ten cent cotton means many votes for McKinley in the south.

The democratic party opposes every high aspiration of the Afro-American.

As we near the frosts of November, Bryan stoek, like silver, keeps declining.

Bryan now yearns for the 47-cent dollar just as he yearned four years ago.

A vote for Bryan is a vote for a 50-cent dollar and an empty market basket.

There are 2,517 Afro-Americans on the pay rolls in the District of Columbia.

The danger which threatens our national life is the democratic disregard for law.

Democratic newspapers publish columns upon columns of matter slandering the Afro-Americans.

Rally on the center; touch elbows; clutch arms; charge all along the line, and victory is ours.

George Smith, an Afro-American of Indianapolis, said to be 105 years old, declares that he will vote for McKinley.

The 34 Afro-Americans who are employed in the Savannah (Ga.) post office draw salaries amounting to \$36,940 per annum.

The southern democrats always dominate in the national democracy. Pitchfork Tillman would rule in case of Bryan's election.

The democrats of the south say that the Afro-American is all right—in his place. They assume the right to designate the place.

Mr. Bryan's election would, I think, throw governmental and business affairs into confusion.—Ex-President Benjamin Harrison.

The republican party recognizes ability and fitness and rewards it accordingly. All Afro-Americans look alike to the democrats.

It is reasonable to presume that there will be republican gains in the south. The south has had its share of McKinley prosperity.

No victory was ever won without a battle; remember that, and fight for McKinley and Roosevelt from now until the polls close November 6.

Black men, before you vote the democratic ticket, remember that the people who burn your brothers at the stake in the south are democrats.

Buckle on your armor, unsheath your sword, throw away your scabbard and wade into the thickest of the fight, determined to win victory.

From all quarters comes the democratic shriek of "fraud." It is the old cry of "Stop thief!" uttered by the thief himself to throw the people off their guard.

Twenty-eight millions of dollars is a great sum. That's what the Afro-Americans who hold government positions have drawn during the administration of President McKinley.

Bryan with his Chinese tactics has been running around the country making a big noise and deluding himself with the thought that he is convincing people to vote for free silver.

In the office of the collector of customs at Chicago, there are eight Afro-Americans, at an aggregate compensation of \$7,097 per annum. The number on the pay roll is greater than at any previous time.

The democratic party has never had any fixed principles or policies. It has ever been the blind instrument of every bad element that might for the time being be uppermost or seem to promise party success.

Mr. Bryan is very much worried about the disfranchisement of the people of the District of Columbia, but while he was a member of congress he made no attempt to give the ballot to the citizens of the district.

Pitchfork Tillman says he would rather be a "southern nigger" than an "ignorant foreign Pennsylvania miner." Like all southern democrats who get up in the world, Tillman despises the poorer classes, white and black.

The democrats of New Orleans are striking at the race in another way. The school board has decided that no school for the race is to give instruction in any grade higher than the fifth. The southern democrats seem determined to keep the Afro-American down.

Anti-imperialists who sweat blood because McKinley, in obedience to the senate, assumes to place the flag in Manila and to defend it there, are silent over the fact that Louisiana and Mississippi pass laws that admit the vote to white men who cannot read and write and deny it to black men because they cannot read and write.—Lewiston Journal.

The democrats of the south say that the Afro-American is unfit to travel in first-class cars and they have passed laws providing special "Jim Crow" cars for his accommodation. No republican legislature has ever passed a separate car law.

The hoodlums who were arrested on the charge of burning the Afro-American schoolhouse in New Orleans have been released "for lack of sufficient evidence." New Orleans is in democratic Louisiana. The rioters in Akron have been indicted. Akron is in republican Ohio.

The spectacle of Bryan weeping and walling over what the Chicago Chronicle calls a "parcel of saddle colored niggers" in the Philippines, while his party disfranchises hundreds of thousands of American citizens here at home, is a spectacle of hypocrisy which all history may be searched in vain to equal.

It seems that some Kansas democratic politicians to make capital of the obsolete section of Oregon's constitution prohibiting the Afro-American from voting. No attempt has ever been made to enforce it. Every Afro-American in Oregon has as many privileges as any white man, and has always had.

Bishop Turner says that he cares nothing for Bryan's financial policy because the money is all made and handled by white people. That may have been true once upon a time, but under the McKinley administration the Afro-Americans have handled \$28,000,000 in payment for their services as office holders. The Afro-American planters of the south have also handled their share of the \$500,000,000 paid for cotton produced in that section.

Bryan is holding his peace regarding the course of the southern states which have adopted constitutional amendments discriminating against Afro-American citizens in the exercise of the right to vote. He will leave to the supreme court the duty of determining whether by this action the states have violated the constitution of the United States. With the possibility that some of the present justices may be retired and their places filled by such men as Altgeld and Tillman it is easy to infer what decision would be reached.

Trusts, corporations and syndicates are not necessarily dishonest or injurious. Building associations managed and controlled by bona fide members are good things and benefit the members, assisting them to get homes and become good citizens. Tell City, Ind., was founded many years ago by a Swiss syndicate, every member of which was a participant in the enterprise, and it has been a decided success in a business, social and financial sense. Rugby, in the mountains of Tennessee, is another example of the same kind, and is proving the wisdom of its founders.

"In war or in peace, whether dealing with whites or blacks, foreign or native, President McKinley's course has been dictated by the singleness of purpose—that of faithfully administering the trust placed in his hands. Uninfluenced by prejudice, unmoved by ill-considered clamor, and untroubled by capricious criticism, he pursues the even tenor of his way, adhering steadfastly to the right as God gives him the light to see the right, vindicating day by day the judgment of his supporters, and presenting to the nations of the globe the perfect embodiment of the typical American."—Charles H. Grosvenor.

Bishop B. W. Arnett, Cyrus Field Adams and Dr. E. Lyon are members of the republican national advisory committee, with Senator Depew, Senator Platt, Col. Myron T. Herrick, Col. Frank O. Lowden, Thomas Lowry and other leading republicans of the country. The Afro-American race is always given recognition by the republican party. The national democratic committee started a "Jim Crow" department away from the main headquarters for the purpose of catching the Afro-American vote, but J. Milton Turner and the others in charge began fighting among themselves and even this was abandoned. The democrats have given up all hope of getting any appreciable percentage of the Afro-American vote.

The president's lesson to the Afro-Americans: When President McKinley appointed the late ex-Senator Bruce to the position of register of the treasury considerable surprise was felt that he should select an Afro-American to fill so important a position. One day a friend asked him what his reasons were for appointing Bruce. "I have two," replied the president. "The first is the man's fitness for the position. The second is that Bruce's name will appear on every bank bill that will be issued by the government while he is in office, and every Afro-American who gets one of the notes can read on it the name of a man of his own race and see in it the lesson that, with economy, industry, honesty and ambition, this government will recognize him the same as it does men of a lighter color of skin."—Ladies' Home Journal.

EXCEPT IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Bryan loves all men who toll (Except in North Carolina.) It fairly makes his blood to boil (Except in North Carolina.) To see how capital will entice Poor laboring men in a vise—But his love's as cold as Tammany's for those in North Carolina.

"The constitution follows the flag" (NOT into North Carolina.) And human rights can never lag (Except in North Carolina.) He'd rather talk forever than See rights denied to any man, Or heathen tribe or savage class—(Except in North Carolina.)

For Filipino wrongs he'll weep (But not for North Carolina.) And bondage from the earth he'd sweep (But not from North Carolina.) The southern vote trust is his stay, All other trusts are warned away, Down with concerns that wages pay! Hurrah for North Carolina! "Number 10."

Bishop Turner says that he believes that Bryan will stop lynching if he is elected president. Bryan may be willing to do so, but will Tillman, who will be the power behind the throne, allow it?

Bryanism pure and simple is the paramount issue, and that means Tillmanism, Altgeldism, free silverism, anarchism and all the other dailyisms which threaten the very existence of the republic.

Mr. Davis Speaks.

The address of former District Attorney Henry E. Davis on Monday night, was one of the finest political speeches delivered that campaign. Mr. Davis handled the money question in a masterly manner.

WHAT MCKINLEY SAID.

The war has made us a united people.—Speech at Kokomo, Indiana, Oct. 21, 1898.

We are fortunate in the virtue of our people and in the valor of our soldiers and sailors.—Speech at Red Oak, Iowa, Oct. 13, 1898.

Our army and navy are entitled to every honor that a gorgeous nation can bestow.—Speech at Indianapolis, Indiana, October 21, 1898.

No nation ever had a more superb army than mustered in thirty days under the flag of the Union, to fight the honor of the country and for the oppressed so near our shores.—Speech at Hamilton, Ohio, October 21, 1898.

We are stronger and have a more perfect Union now than we ever had before. And I wish you all prosper in your workshops and love and contentment in your homes.—Speech at Atlanta, Indiana, October 21, 1898.

What a glorious future awaits us, unitedly, wisely and bravely, we will solve the new problems now pressing upon us, determined to solve them for peace and humanity.—Speech before the Legislature in Joint Assembly at State Capitol, Atlanta, Ga., December 14, 1898.

It is a great thing for the farmer to have men employed in shop and factory. It is a great thing for men to be employed; and have discovered when the employer seeks labor pay better pay than when the labor seeks employment.—Speech at Tipton, Iowa, Oct. 21, 1898.

And no nation ever had a more noble army. Two hundred thousand of the bravest young men within the day of the call of the President responded, ready to march anywhere, home or abroad, beneath the folds of the glorious old banner of the Republic.—Speech at Noblesville, Indiana, Oct. 21, 1898.

These little people who gather about us, who in the public schools are educated for future citizenship, are the schoolhouse, in all of our country, have come the statesmen, business men, the soldiers, and the farmers who have done so much for this country.—Speech at Chicago, Iowa, October 13, 1898.

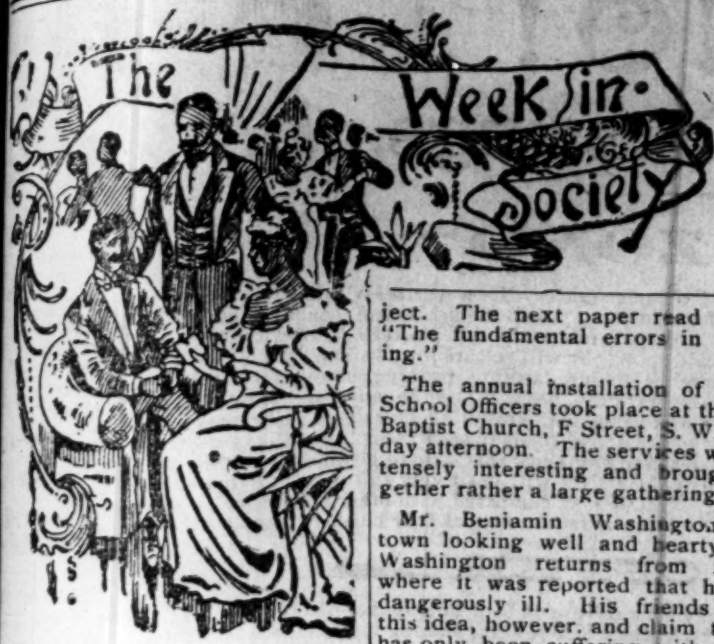
The heroes of Manila and Porto Rico have made history. They are worthy successors and descendants of Washington, Greene, of Paul Jones, Decatur, Sherman and Logan; of the Porters and Cushing; of Lee, Jackson and Longstreet.—Address at Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, Nebraska, Oct. 12, 1898.

What you want, what we all want is business prosperity. When you have it you have something to do. You have it if you are idle. There are few "empties" now on the tracks, and so there few unemployed. The more you use the freight car the offener you see the car.—Speech at Elm, Nebraska, Oct. 20, 1898.

At Bunker Hill liberty was at stake at Gettysburg the Union was the before Manila and Santiago our fought, not for gain or revenge, but human rights. They contended for the freedom of the oppressed, for the welfare the United States has failed to lend a helping hand to the fish and uphold, and, I believe, will.—Speech at the Auditorium, Atlanta, Georgia, December 15, 1898.

We have such a revival of patriotism in this country as we have never since the earliest days in our history. For the first time in more than a century, North and South are in holy alliance, with one aim, with one purpose, and with one determination to stand by the government of the United States.—Speech at Tipton, Indiana, October 21, 1898.

This, I believe, is one of the greatest days in our history. I heartily congratulate you upon the establishment of a successful industry in the United States. It has done some things for the country.



ject. The next paper read will be "The fundamental errors in Teaching."

The annual installation of Sunday School Officers took place at the Zion Baptist Church, F Street, S. W., Sunday afternoon. The services were intensely interesting and brought together rather a large gathering.

Mr. Benjamin Washington is in town looking well and hearty. Mr. Washington returns from Boston, where it was reported that he was dangerously ill. His friends scout this idea, however, and claim that he has only been suffering with a mild cold, one of Boston's fashionable fads.

Mr. Chas. D. Warner dropped dead in the city of Hartford last week, supposedly from old age. Mr. Warner in life was conspicuous in many ways. His travels and witty essays have found warm places in the emotional feelings of all, who admire choice fiction. His unwarranted attack upon the negro made him prominent in his last days, and he became the social attack of his best friends. For all that Charles Dudley Warner was a great man, and to have died faultless would have been unnatural.

There is considerable irritation over the appointment of Miss Harriet Gibbs of Kansas as Director of Music in the schools of the Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Divisions. With a view to a partisan it is earnestly hoped that Miss Gibbs, as far as possible, will prove equal to the task. Experience teaches that examination often fails to select the best applicant for the place desired; fault-finding service has proven to be the better method. Whether this appointment has disqualified other applicants is more capable or not, cannot be said; yet Miss Gibbs needs to be congratulated, and if her ability has any force, our schools will maintain the same standing they did prior to the death of Alice Strange Davis.

The Institutions of the country will be the Capital City Base Ball Team.

Mr. Frank Johnson of Baltimore, Md., was given a reception last evening by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. and Mary A. Lee at their residence, 1213 T St. N. W. Quite a number of invited guests were present who enjoyed themselves highly. The host and hostess were assisted by Miss Emma McGinnis.

The Capital City Base Ball Team

COUNT VON BLUMENTHAL.

Famous German Strategist Reported Seriously Ill at His Residence in Berlin.

Count Leonard von Blumenthal, the eminent German soldier, last of the generals who were conspicuous in the Franco-Prussian war, and one of the most distinguished strategists of the German army, is reported seriously ill in Berlin.

Count von Blumenthal was given his title of "graf" in 1883 and was made field marshal in 1888. His missions to England for the German government were many and important. In 1890 he was dispatched to Great Britain with special military propositions and was rewarded with the order of the Red Eagle.



COUNT VON BLUMENTHAL.
(Senior Field Marshal General of the German Army.)

der of the Red Eagle. In 1871 he represented the emperor at the military maneuvers at Chobham, and was enlisted with other affairs of gravity in connection with the war department.

On July 30 last Count von Blumenthal was 90 years old. He was a soldier from his boyhood. In 1872, when but 17, he was commissioned a second lieutenant in what is now the Fusilier guards. In 1846 he had risen to be premier lieutenant in the topographical division of the general staff. His first fighting was done in the streets of Berlin during the disturbances of 1849. He took part in the Schleswig-Holstein campaign, fought in the skirmishes at Auenburg, in the battle of Colding, and in the battle of Fredericia.

Having meanwhile risen to the rank of colonel, Von Blumenthal, on December 15, 1863, was appointed chief of general staff of the combined army against Denmark. This was the first opportunity he had been given of showing his fine abilities as a soldier. For the brilliant manner in which he stormed the trenches at Dupepel, and after the peace he was made chief of the general staff of the second army, receiving the oak leaf of the Order of Merit and the star of the Order of the House of Hohenzollern. After the outbreak of the war with France Gen. von Blumenthal was appointed chief of the general staff under the supreme command of the crown prince. When the latter was presented by the emperor with the Iron Cross he declared that Gen. von Blumenthal was fully deserving of the honor as was he. The great strategist has been living in retirement for many years.

UNIQUE POST OFFICE.

Located on Boundary Line Between Vermont and Quebec and Used by Both Countries.

On the boundary line between Vermont and Quebec province, in Canada, is an old building which is now used as the post office for both countries. It is an old stone building, built about 75 years ago, and is located at Beebe



UNDER TWO FLAGS.
(Post Office on Boundary Line Between Quebec and Vermont.)

Plain, a town that is United States on one side of the street and Canada on the other. The post office is an exhibition of the good will of the people of the section. The father is the postmaster for Quebec and the daughter postmistress for Vermont. The post in front of the building is the boundary line. It was moved at one time by one of the citizens to get a road into his place that would be in Canada and cost the governments a great outlay to establish the exact line. The cellar under the building, which was originally a general store, connected the two countries. Whisky was known to be put down in one country and come out in the other. The offices were put in the same building to accommodate the farmers, who did not wish to get out of their wagons at two points.

The Czar's Regular Suite.
The suite of the czar of Russia consists of 173 persons, of whom 15 are members of the imperial family, 17 are princes who are not of imperial birth, 17 are counts, nine are barons and the remaining 15 are noblemen of lower rank. Only 128 are Russians, the rest being Germans, Finns, Poles, Circassians, Greeks and Roumanians.

VEGETABLE LEFTOVERS.

Sweet potatoes may be browned in butter, or sliced, buttered or sugared and browned in the oven.

Whole leaves of lettuce will keep fresh and crisp in the ice chest for a few hours only.

Sliced cucumbers may be kept a few hours in ice water, but if wilted should not be used.

Summer squash will sour before morning and is not worth warming. Winter squash can be made into pies.

Green corn should be scalded, scraped from the ear and warmed quickly in milk to cover, seasoned with salt and butter.

Raw tomatoes, after they have been scalded and peeled, spoil quickly, and they should be stewed directly after the meal, then they can be used in soups, gravies and made dishes.

Potatoes, beets, peas and string beans may be served cold with a salad dressing. So also may asparagus, spinach, cabbage, celery and cauliflower, if they have not been served with white sauce.

Green peas, shelled beans, string beans, stewed tomatoes and onions if served again hot, should be warmed quickly, adding a little water if necessary to keep them from burning.

Cooked potatoes admit of such a variety of methods of reserving that not a scrap ever need be wasted. Left over portions of mashed potatoes should be packed closely in a cup or small bowl, directly after the meal, then cut in slices and browned in hot butter or salt pork fat. Or they may be mixed with beaten egg, made into balls and browned in the oven, or used as a crust for a small pie of warmed-over meat or fish.—American Kitchen-Magazine.

RAIL AND TIE.

A New England company has turned out an electric car capable of making 65 miles an hour.

The new trans-Siberian railway, when complete, is to be the safest, cheapest and most comfortable in the world. The safety of the Manchurian line will be due to the flatness of the regions traversed, not a single tunnel being necessary between the Ural and the Amour—that is to say, from one end of Siberia to the other.

In the yards of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, at Fort Madison, Ia., electricity is used to light the signals. The ordinary switch lamp is used with an eight-candle power incandescent lamp inside fitted to a socket. The current is brought to the signal post or switch stand in underground conduits, and is arranged so as to enter the lamp at the top. The experiment is said to be highly satisfactory, and it does away with lamp tenders. The electric lights are very safe from extinguishment by wind or the jar of a passing train.

WAR NOTES.

The war in South Africa has doomed the highland kilt as a fighting dress and it will now survive as a parade uniform only.

Cordite, the British service smokeless powder, is composed of 58 parts of nitroglycerin, 37 parts of gun cotton and five parts of vaseline.

The amount of powder required to propel a cannon projectile generally equals about half the weight of the missile. A projectile measuring four inches in diameter would require 16½ pounds of powder; five inches, 25 pounds; six inches, 50 pounds; eight inches, 125 pounds; ten inches, 250 pounds, and 12 inches, 425 pounds.

It is a peculiar fact that Lord Kitchener gained his first experience as a soldier under the French flag. At the outbreak of the war in 1870 he offered himself as a volunteer to Gen. Chanzy, commander of the army of the Loire. On returning to England after the fall of Paris he obtained a commission in the Royal Engineers.

WISDOM OF WILLIAM PENN.

Be rather bountiful than expensive. Never marry but for love; but see that thou lovest what is lovely.

He that has more knowledge than judgment, is made for another man's use more than his own.

The usefulness of truths are plainest. And while we keep them our differences cannot rise high.

Never give out while there is hope; but hope not beyond reason, for that shows more desire than judgment.

There are some men like dictionaries; to be looked into upon occasions, but have no connection, and are little entertaining.

If thou hast not conquered thyself in that which is thy own particular weakness, thou hast no title to virtue, though thou art free of other men's.

Do nothing improperly. Some are witty, kind, cold, angry, easy, stiff, jealous, careless, cautious, confident, close, open, but all in the wrong place.

ALL IN THE ANIMAL KINGDOM.

In Nebraska nowadays the skins of superfluous dogs are tanned and made into gloves.

A black snake was killed in Maryland recently which had in its stomach a porcelain turkey nest egg, supposed to have been swallowed by the deluded snake 14 months ago.

Almost as soon as they are out of the shell quail seem to have the power of making themselves invisible at the wave of a wand. The ground may be as bare as a floor, but somehow they manage to vanish utterly from the eye.

An ostrich seldom jumps over any obstruction of some height, as a well or mound—perhaps fearing for its frail bones—the usual way of clearing the obstruction being to breast the wall or mound, and then to roll over it somehow.

Was Cured of Her Faith.

A credulous woman in Cincinnati, suffering from rheumatism, went to a faith-cure doctor. He exacted ten dollars in advance, promising a certain relief from her ailment, and then skipped. She was cured of her faith.

Women in Male Attire.

Women are permitted to wear men's attire in France, but for this privilege they are required to pay a tax of 50 francs a year.

Census Taking in Arizona.

He covered the porch of the Red Hat with an ugly brace.

"Say!" I heard the hotel guest moved under. "I am here with Uncle Sam at me back. I am here to take de census, an' I'm here to do it quick. Gimme de facts in yer career, or I'll have to git it from yer relatives, see!"—Chicago Daily News.

A Theatrical Haunt.

"I suppose in your varied theatrical experience," said the matinee girl, "you have seen life in all the big cities. What is your favorite haunt?"

"Well, really 'haunts' are not my specialty," replied Mr. Barnes-Tormer, "although once I did play the ghost in Hamlet."—Philadelphia Press.

Where Ignorance Is Bliss.

Mrs. Waggs—Why, Mr. Jaggs, I'm delighted to see you out so soon. From what my husband said about your illness I imagined it would be months before you were able to walk without crutches.

Mr. Jaggs—Why-er-really, Mrs. Waggs, I don't quite catch the drift of your remarks. I haven't been ill. What did your husband say?

Mrs. Waggs—He said you were paralyzed at the club last night, and it took three men to get you home.—Chicago Daily News.

Appropriate Name.

There is a large cat farm in Lincoln county, Ore., and the residents in the vicinity have obtained the consent of the post office department to the christening of their post office by the name of Angora. The first postmaster of Angora, it is said, bears the appropriate name of Thomas Tom.—N. Y. Tribune.

An Explanation.

Tom—What have you in that lock? Jack—A little souvenir of a hair-breadth escape.

"What is it like?" "Oh, it's merely a lock of hair from the head of a dashing widow to whom I was attached last summer—but didn't



HARRIS' NEW BLOOD TONIC.

"Have you heard what this great and wonderful medicine will do? Have you tried a bottle? Have you seen some of the marvelous cures effected by its use? It should be in every household. We guarantee the ingredients are pure, the compound is perfect, the taste is pleasant and the cure is permanent. You may have tried different remedies, but this is superior to many of the so-called patent remedies.

This preparation contains the most valuable Blood Purifiers known to medical science, and its use will convince you that it has no equal for Impure Blood, Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Boils, Pimples, Ring-Worms, Tetters and Humors of Scrofulous Diseases. It makes pure healthful blood, regulates the heart causes the blood to circulate freely and at normal temperature. It removes the causes producing Itching, Nervousness, Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Exhaustion and that tired feeling. Especially adapted to the restoration of Typhoid Fever, Gives tone to the Stomach, Invigorates the Kidneys, Cures Constipation, Produces a Healthy Appetite, Sound Digestion, Regular Stools, Clear Skin, and a Vigorous Body. Revives Vitality in weak despondent and over-taxed Females, Strengthens the Sexual Organs and restores New Life.

Strictly pure and highly Concentrated. Small doses and quick cures.

PRICE 50 CENTS—Prepared only by HARRIS CHEMICAL CO.,

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Have You Got a JOB?

ARE YOU EARNING BIG MONEY?

IF NOT, THEN YOU SHOULD WRITE AT ONCE TO—

HARTONA REMEDY CO.,

909 E. Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

We want lady or gentlemen Agents in every town in the United States. You can earn big money if you will work for us even in your spare time. Write to us to-day. This may be the chance of your life. This offer is open to ladies or gentlemen—white or colored.

-HARTONA-

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY HARTONA.

Matchless and Positively Unequaled for Straightening all Kinky, Knotty, Stubborn, Harsh, Curly Hair.

HARTONA will make the hair grow long, soft, and straight. The use of one box of HARTONA will show immediate results. Makes the hair grow on bald and thin places. HARTONA cures Dandruff, Baldness, Falling Out of the Hair, and all Scalp Diseases. Remember, that HARTONA is the highest-priced hair remedy on the market, because it is the best. Price, \$1.00 a box. Don't allow your hair and face to be ruined by dangerous chemicals that are sold cheap to catch the ignorant and uneducated classes. HARTONA is used by over 50,000 people in every State in the Union. HARTONA does not have to be used all the time, as it straightens the hair and gives it fresh life and lustre, and the hair stays and grows naturally straight after the use of HARTONA. On box of HARTONA can be used by every one in the family. Benefits and improves children's hair just the same as adults. Money positively refunded if you are not perfectly satisfied.

HARTONA FACE WASH

will gradually turn the skin of a black person five or six shades lighter, and will turn the skin of a mulatto person perfectly white. HARTONA FACE WASH will not lighten the skin in spots, but all over evenly. The skin remains soft and bright without continual use of the Face Wash. One bottle does the work. It is your duty to look as beautiful as possible. Thousands of delighted patrons send us testimonials every year from all over the United States. HARTONA FACE WASH will remove Wrinkles, Dark Spots, Pimples, Black-Heads, Freckles, and all Blemishes of the Skin. You can regulate the shade of skin on neck, face, and hands to any shade you wish. Full directions with each bottle. HARTONA FACE WASH is perfectly harmless, and is sent to any part of the United States on receipt of price—\$1.00 per bottle. Remember, your money is positively refunded if you are not absolutely satisfied and delighted with the Hartona Remedies.

HARTONA NO-SMELL

will remove all smells and bad odors of the body. Cures sore and aching feet, chafed limbs, etc. HARTONA NO-SMELL is a God-send to all persons suffering from disagreeable odors caused by perspiration of the feet, arm-pits, etc. Sent anywhere on receipt of price—50c. a package.

Address all orders to— HARTONA REMEDY COMPANY, 909 E. Main St., RICHMOND, VA.

To introduce our remedies in this city, we will send to all persons who will cut out and mail to us this Coupon and ONE DOLLAR, three large boxes of HARTONA HAIR STRAIGHTENER, worth \$3.00; two large bottles of HARTONA FACE WASH, worth \$2.00; one package of HARTONA NO-SMELL, worth 50c. The entire lot of remedies, worth \$5.50, will be sent securely sealed, so that no one can tell contents, for ONE DOLLAR and this Coupon. Order goods now, as this grand offer will last but a short time only. Write your name and address plainly. Money can be sent by Post-Office Money Order, Express, or enclosed in a Registered Letter.

HARTONA REMEDY COMPANY,

909 E. Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

GENTLEMEN:—I enclose you ONE DOLLAR, for which send me the following goods at once—

Three Large Boxes HARTONA HAIR STRAIGHTENER, worth \$3.00
Two Large Bottles HARTONA FACE WASH, - worth \$2.00
One Package HARTONA NO-SMELL, - worth .50

My Name is _____
House No. _____, Street _____
City _____, County _____, State _____

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN IN AMERICA. OUR GOODS SELL ON SIGHT.



THOMAS L. JONES, ESQ.,
Before the Second Baptist Church Lyceum, Sunday, Oct. 21st.
(See Page 1.)

gave its first Annual Reception of the season at the popular New Hall of Silence Bros., on 8th Street, on Monday evening, Oct. 22nd, 1900. There was a large crowd of fashionable ladies and gentlemen present who enjoyed themselves. Music was furnished by the Monumental Orchestra. Messrs. Samuel Jones and Harry Smith, the Managers together with George Silence done everything they could to make it pleasant for the guests of the club.

Earl's Etchings.

THE BEA notes with pleasure the recovery of Miss Annie Lewis, one of our accomplished Kindergarten teachers. Miss Lewis has been stricken down with the intermittent fever.

Mr. W. Carl Bolivar of Philadelphia, Pa., paid a flying trip to the Nation's Capital last week. Mr. Bolivar's stay was highly enjoyable as he met quite a host of acquaintances.

Information comes from the far East that a brilliant young officer of rank is confined in the Military Penitentiary there for embezzlement of government funds. The fact is deplorable and cannot rest.

The names of Miss Edwardina Frazier and Miss Alice Forrester have been entered upon the book of matrimony. Both make pleasing young brides and will doubtlessly be happy acquisitions in the domestic world.

Next month the American people, whose hearts are sweetening in stifling anxiety, will be pleasantly revived by the announcement that Wm. McKinley will be seated for a term of another four years.

Prof. Klemm's talk at Howard University last Saturday morning was "English as a Dead Language." The hall was crowded and every body seemed delighted with the manner in which the lecturer handled his sub-

find new resources, the factories fresh industry. Wm. Jennings Bryan at this moment stands in the most violent throes of desperation. His case is hopeless; he cannot win. Supreme Democracy is a thing of the past and though strongly agitated by the party, whose name it bears, the slightest realization of its principles permeating the archives of this stabled and well established government, is not only anarchistic but damning to the extreme.

There are few who see Mr. Bryan's success; there are millions who see his political death. As in 1896 his last appeal is thrown at the doors of the laboring class, whose faltering designs are ones that cannot be trusted. The thought of defeat emanates from lips of the most ignorant and humblest observer. In the State of N. Y., those who hardly know English applaud the eminent silverer because others do. Greeting one, who would take bread from the mouths of the innocent children if given a chance. This is surely what Mr. Bryan will have to do in order to follow his platform should he succeed in obtaining the presidential garland. There is no other way out of it. The political passions of Mr. Bryan's followers are purely magnetic. Soon his name will die away, seclusion overtake his fame and he will rest calmly with the other dead issues of the world.

JOHN SHERMAN'S DEATH.

The Most Eminent Statesman Passes Away.

The recent death of Mr. John Sherman, formerly secretary of the treasury under the Hayes Administration and Secretary of State under President McKinley, was no surprise to the American people. Mr. Sherman has been failing in health for some time, hence his death was momentarily expected. Mr. Sherman was no doubt the best financial secretary that the administration ever had. Mr. Sherman's ambition was for the presidency, but, like the late Secretary Blaine he never reached it. Ohio loss a faithful son and the nation a statesman.

IS RICH ONCE MORE.

Lucky Baldwin Reputed to Be a Millionaire Again.

Through Pluck and Good Business Management This Unique Western Character Gains Fresh Supply of Wealth.

"Lucky" Baldwin is the title by which E. J. Baldwin is known far and near in California. He used to say, however, that it was pluck and not luck that brought him millions. Though to the public, wealth seemed to easily flow into his hands, in reviewing the old man's history it appears that his remark had much of truth in it. Mr. Baldwin was born on a farm near Racine, Wis., and when a boy 18 years old, he took a fine little horse, of which he was very proud, to South Bend, Ind., and there his horse ran a winning race. With his cash capital and some credit he was able to open a grocery store, which prospered, and in time Baldwin bought several wagons and horses and started for California. By judicious trading on the way, he reached San Francisco in 1833 considerably richer than he was when he left home. Figuring that in the booming new town of San Francisco millions of bricks would soon be needed, he bought an interest in a brickyard. He learned the art of making bricks thoroughly, and then started a yard for himself, and out of this business there came to him a fortune. In a short time he bought a livery stable, which proved to be an excellent investment, and in five years Mr. Baldwin decided that he had done well enough to warrant his taking a trip around the world.

When he returned from abroad he brought with him a company of Japanese acrobats, who delighted the people of San Francisco and all the mining towns of the west, and finally their manager played them in New York at the Academy of Music. This tour was



E. J. LUCKY BALDWIN.
(Twice He Has Risen from Obscure Poverty to Affluence.)

a success. After Baldwin's return to San Francisco from New York he bought mining stock, and in the course of a little time he discovered that there was a scheme on foot to "freeze him out." He heard of the plans of the other owners and did not approve of them. Half an hour before they were to put their plans in execution Baldwin and some friends invaded the place; they were holding, and with fists, chairs, cudgils and a revolver, made things lively for them for nearly half an hour, until his attorney arrived with an injunction.

After the burning of Baldwin's hotel in 1898 it was supposed that the old man was "flat broke," and, though he owned 50,000 acres of land in lower California, this was mortgaged, as was also the hotel. The hotel was not insured, and its unfortunate owner was obliged to sell his ground for \$1,425,000. This went toward paying off mortgages and other debts.

Last Christmas Baldwin surprised his friends by announcing that he was going to Cape Nome, as he knew there was wealth there if a man only knew how to get it. In the ruins of his hotel Baldwin had some time before rigged up a sort of theater, and there had a company of Hawaiian dancers, who made him money. He engaged them to play a season in the mining camp. He gathered other vaudeville attractions also, fitted up a ship with provisions for eight months, put a theater ready to be nailed together in its hold, and sailed away to Cape Nome.

Now the news comes to San Francisco that "Lucky Baldwin" has struck it rich; that, not satisfied with the success of his far north theater, he took up pick and shovel and went out into the frozen wilderness and dug for gold, and gold he found.

Nothing but a superabundance of pluck could have made a man of his age determined enough to begin the battle of a search after wealth all over again. The annals of California bristle with references to the energy and determination of many of the rugged men who have made the state their home for years, but "Lucky Baldwin's" record holds place with the best of them.

Stout Lady Saves a Life.

A Massachusetts grandmother weighing 200 pounds climbed 15 feet down a well and rescued a neighbor's child who had tumbled into three feet of water at the bottom. Mrs. Philip Turner, of Newton Center, did this. She saw the child fall in and no other help was near. She seized a ladder and went down it, though the well was only 2 1/2 feet in diameter and was still further difficult by reason of an iron pipe which went to the bottom. Mrs. Turner is more than 50 years old, and she has been the heroine of the village ever since the rescue.

Where Have They Gone To?

There are multitudes of old copper cents somewhere, but no one can locate them.

THE BENGAL LANCERS.

All England Is Proud of the Bravery Displayed by Them on the March to Peking.

The magnificent performance of the Bengal lancers, on the march of the allied forces to Peking, once more draws attention to the splendid soldiers of which England's Indian forces are composed. Ever since Lady Butler painted her famous picture, "The Bengal Lancers," the Bengal lancers have appealed to the mind of the British public as one of the finest regiments of cavalry in the world. There is little doubt that for perfect discipline and for supreme courage they have few equals in the world.

But, says London Black and White, although less known to the majority



A BENGAL LANCER.
(Copied from an Original Sketch by Rene Bull.)

of away-at-home Britons, the other components of our native army are none the less deserving of our admiration. Most of them, like the Afri and Sikhs in the northwest and the Gurkhas in the northeast, were originally our enemies, and it is the mutual respect born of many a hard tussle that has led to the excellent relations subsisting between these forces and Tommy Atkins. The Gurkhas were the first race in India to check the victorious advance of the British arms. It was in 1814 that we first made their acquaintance and learnt what manner of people we had to deal with. During the attack on Kalanga in that year, the garrison, which consisted of 600 Gurkhas, repeatedly repulsed the assaults of an entire British division, killing Gen. Gillespie, and putting 31 other officers and 750 men out of action. When a two days' bombardment ultimately led them to abandon the post, the survivors, 90 in number, cut their way through our troops, and made good their escape, after having retarded a whole division for a month. During the same siege a Gurkha came out through the fire of our batteries waving his hand. The fire was stopped, and then it transpired that he had had his lower jaw shattered, and had come out to have it dressed by his enemy. His wound was at once attended to, and as soon as it was dressed and bound up, he promptly asked—and, needless to say, obtained—permission to return to his own people, and fight against us again.

In the cases of both classes of hill tribes, both the Gurkhas and the latest addition to our native army, the Afri, fighting is a natural instinct. They fight as the Britisher takes part in field sports—it is as much a part of their very being, and is undertaken in just the same happy-go-lucky, dare-devil spirit.

EDWARD ASAHEL BIRGE.

Acting President of the University of Wisconsin Is a Scholar of National Reputation.

Dr. Edward Asahel Birge, who will fill the place of Dr. Charles Kendall Adams as president of the University of Wisconsin while Dr. Adams is recovering his health abroad, has been an honored member of the faculty for



DR. EDWARD A. BIRGE.
(Ad Interim President of the University of Wisconsin.)

25 years. He came to Madison in 1875 as instructor in natural history, and one year later he was made professor of zoology. In 1891 he was elected dean of the college of letters and science. Dr. Birge is not only a scientist of eminent reputation, but is likewise an authority of international note in his line. After his graduation in 1873 from Williams college he spent two years in Harvard and received from that university his degree of doctor of philosophy. Later he went abroad for a course in histology at the University of Leipzig. In 1897 he was made honorary doctor of science by the Western university of Pennsylvania. He is 49 years old.

Densely Populated Spot.

The most densely populated spot in the United States is a block of tenement houses in New York bounded by Sixty-first and Sixty-second streets and Tenth and Eleventh avenues. In this block, the census showed, live 1,987 persons, most of them negroes.



BEFORE AFTER

OZONO!

King of Hair Dressings.

WHAT IS OZONO?



BEFORE AFTER

A preparation prepared solely and distinctly to improve the condition of the hair of the negro race. Not a worthless, offensive, obnoxious, greasy mass of injurious nostrums, but a delicately perfumed unguent beautiful to look upon; made to adorn the lady, polish the gentleman, benefit youth, and gladden old age. OZONO straightens knotty, nappy, kinky, refractory hair. OZONO does this alone. No hot irons are necessary; no plastering down with grease. OZONO individually straightens, without any outside assistance. It will cause the hair to come back on bald spots. It will restore gray hair to its natural color. It will cause the hair to grow long and straight, soft and fine, and beautiful as an April morn. It will cure all itching, burning, running, humilating Scalp Diseases, Dandruff, Tetter, Scurf, and Eczema. It cannot live after OZONO has been applied. It is as pure as the dew-drop, beautiful as the morn, and harmless as the rippling water in the babbling brook. Cleanliness is next to Godliness; filth is a crime. If your hair is short and harsh and kinky; if your scalp is covered with scurf and dandruff, or itch, or eczema, it is doubtless your fault alone. If your little ones' heads are a mass of crusty, scaly, flaky scurf, teeming with germs and microbes, that are invisible to the naked eye, but which are sapping the life from the hair and destroying it forever, and you allow this state to go on, it is a crime. It is your place to stop this—a duty you owe to yourself, to your child, to your Maker. OZONO is your remedy. OZONO will positively and permanently remove all the diseases, and straighten and beautify the hair, making it silky and glossy and black as the raven's wing. OZONO, as compared with other hair remedies, stands as high as the mountain peak, fair as the lily, and glorious as the sun. OZONO is King. The price is 50c. a box. It requires about four boxes to complete the treatment.

OUR GRAND OFFER.

Write to us at once, enclosing the small sum of ONE DOLLAR, and we will immediately forward to you four large boxes of OZONO. We will also send you one large bottle of ELECTRIC SKIN REFINER, which makes rough skin soft and brightens the blackest skin, making it several shades lighter. Now, there is much fraud practiced with face bleaches. Understand, we do not advertise this bleach to make one white. God alone can accomplish this, and it would be miraculous. Unpin your faith from fronds. We assert that our Refiner will soften rough skin and brighten black skin, but it can do no more. Take our advice; don't fool with any bleach that is advertised to make you white; it is more apt to poison you. We will also include one fancy jar of ELECTRICAL SKIN FOOD, which is a sure remedy for all Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Black Heads, Liver Spots, and all Skin Diseases. It will remove Wrinkles, Scars, Facial Blemishes, and will positively take out Small-Pox Pits. This is saying a great deal, but it is true. It makes the old look young and the young look younger. And, lastly, to prove our liberality, we will add a one-pint package of ANTI-ODOR. This remedy removes all smells and odors arising from the human body. Its uses are too numerous to mention. Full directions go with all goods. This grand aggregation is worth \$3.50. Send \$1.00, mention the name of this paper, and you will get the goods at once. We ship all orders same day goods are received.

We wish to state that we are a thoroughly reliable firm, having many thousand dollars in our business. We refer to the editor of this paper, or to any business house in Richmond. Our remedies and our business is founded on the altar of truth. Write your name and address plainly.

OZONO IS GUARANTEED.

Dealer in Choice
Wines, Liquors,

CIGARS and TOBACCO.
326 G Street Southwest.

... TRY THE ...
"NEW HOME" SEWING MACHINE.



WRITE FOR CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines, and their prices before you purchase any other.

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.,
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10 Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
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WILSON'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL
AND PHOSPHATES OF
LIME, SODA, IRON.

Cures Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Scrofulous Humors.
To Consumptives—Many have been happy to give their testimony in favor of the use of "Wilson's Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Phosphates." Expensive but proved to be a valuable remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Diphtheria, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Manufactured only by A. B. WILSON, Chemist Boston. Sold by all druggists.

CHEWCOGEE

Butler & Bosher's
FINE
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MANAOA,
SWEET BRIER,
WOODSIDE and
HAYDEE FIG.

BUTLER & BOSHER,
Richmond, Va.

J. B. Babney,
Funeral Director

Hiring, Livery and Sale Stables
carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.
Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfaction guaranteed. Having purchased lot No. 1132 3rd St. N.W. and built a new brick structure with all modern improvements, my friends and the public are hereby notified, that I have moved from my old place of business 441 L. St. N.W. to my new and commodious structure, 1132 3rd St. N.W., where we are prepared to give better satisfaction.

Our Stables, In
Freeman's Alley

Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing first-class work.

Our New Building,
1132 3rd St. N.W.
J. B. DABNEY,
Proprietor.

CAPITAL SAVINGS BANK

609 F St. N. W. Washington, D. C.

Capital - \$50,000

HON. JNO. R. LYNCH, President
HON. JNO. R. LYNCH, President.
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Deposits received from 10 cents upward interest allowed on \$5.00 and above.

Treasurers of churches, associations, and other organizations can deposit funds with this Bank and receive interest. The money is subject to check without notice. We shall be glad to have you open an account. BANK OPEN FROM 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

THE MOST RELIABLE DENTIST IN THE CITY.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION. OLD AND NEW STYLE PROCESS USED ONLY BY THIS FIRM.

Dr. M. F. GROSHON, Manager.
1529 14th Street, N. W.

Your Face



Will be wreathed with a most engaging smile, as you invest in a

White Sewing Machine

EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW
PINCH TENSION,
TENSION INDICATOR

WHITE TENSION RELEASER,
The most complete and useful device ever added to any sewing machine.

The WHITE is

Durably and Handsomely Built,
Of Fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment,
Sews ALL Sewable Articles,
And will serve and please you up to the last hour of your expectations.

ACTIVE DEALERS WANTED in unoccupied territory. Liberal terms. Address,
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
CLEVELAND, O.

She Knew Her Son.
He—I've just been dancing with Miss Sharp. She was talking about you.
She (Indignantly)—Was she? The nasty, spiteful thing!—Judy.

Not That Good.
Brown—I understand you told Wells that I am a first-class idiot.
Jones—Nothing of the kind, sir. I didn't say you were first-class—Till Bits.

Life.
Life is more than a living.—Ran's Horn.



CHAS. KRAEMER,

Dealer in WINE & LIQUORS

735 seventh street northwest



RIPANS

No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style bottle containing THE RIPANS PATENT in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced set is intended for the poor and the second-hand. One dozen of the first-class cartons (with glass) may be had by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 30 Spruce Street, New York—send a dollar carton (with glass) will be a set for five cents. But medicine ever made since the world was created.

L. C. MORISON

DEALER IN

Foreign and Domestic Fruits & Produce

Stall 71 O street Market

R. F. HARVEY'S SONS

Undertakers.

892 and Ave N. W.

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

Malarial Regions, will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

Try Them Fairly.

A vigorous body, pure blood, strong nerves and a cheerful mind will result.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

M. F. MORAN

Wholesale and Retail Dealer In

Imported Brown Stout, Ale,

Domestic Wines, Liquors,

Cigars, &c.

1007 M Street, - Georgetown, D.C.

HERE'S A LITTLE



Pointer for You

I shall in this column endeavor to answer all correspondence that may be sent and urgently request young ladies to read this column, and any questions that they wished answered please send them in before Saturday of each week.

By Miss MAY CLEMATIS.

Never give a young man an opportunity to abuse you.

Reca. Be careful and say nothing to offend your friends.

D. J. Do your duty and nothing more can be expected of you.

Ida. You are perfectly right to have gone to the ministrals alone.

P. N. People who express a desire to be fair, are not always honest.

Miss J. Don't allow new surroundings to carry you away from home.

Laura. Cultivate your disposition, if you want to increase your friends.

Mammie. When you write always say something beneficial and sensible.

Annie. It is unwise to be conceited. Sometimes you go just a little too far.

X. Be truthful above all things. When you make an engagement keep it.

O. When you meet a gentleman you know it is your place to recognize him.

Uta. Some girls will talk about others because they are not doing so well.

Ellen. Never take up other people's burdens. You are too sensible for that.

E. M. Remain in school until you can better your condition. Don't marry if your condition is not to be improved.

Nellie. You should always look one way if you can. Neatness is the spice of life.

Rachel. Never take up other people's burdens when you have some of your own.

Namie. Good advice is always accepted, although it may come from your junior.

Ida R. Don't crave for social recognition. It is costly sometimes. Let them seek you.

Mattie. It is not necessary to bow to a gentleman, until you are sure he recognizes you.

Miss E. You are perfectly correct. If you leave your escort as you met him, you are safe.

Delia. Always spend your holidays at home. Don't say that you can't go anywhere at your home.

Gracie. You are doing well and don't know it. Any girl ought to live on fifteen dollars per month.

E. R. Is your home so objectionable that you must leave during the holidays? One would infer that it was.

O. N. It is best to be satisfied in mind and body. It is unnecessary to worry about anything that don't effect you.

R. P. It is impossible for one person to do two persons work in one day, even fairly well. You should resign if your work is to be severe.

Minnie. Never come to a conclusion until you have heard both sides of a story and then don't express an opinion, for or against. It is best to be neutral sometimes.

Miss Daisy. If you look in Nov. 16, you will find your answer. Again let me say that you should not be hasty. Do nothing that is rash, you may have cause to regret it.

R. T. Vacation acquaintances at the sea shore are only momentary. They are often carried away by fancy. Don't be giddy to allow yourself to be carried away by looks. Ascertain who your company is at his home.

R. M. It is better that you should not be so much up to date as you ought to be sedate. A quiet girl is often influenced and led astray by some one call up-to-date girl. Follow your mother's foot steps.

R. I. M. Should you decide to keep open house New Year's day dispense with wines. Hot coffee and cocoa. Remain at your own home and don't publish that you intend to receive. Characters will call whom you would not recognize in the public streets. Should you publish your reception, say that you will be pleased to see your friends. Those who don't know you personally will not call.

The Captain Only Laughed.

A Kansas man en route to the Paris exposition declares that the only time in his life he really lost his nerve was when the sailors on the ship commenced to load up the lifeboats with bread and water. He did not know that this is done once a week, in order to have the boats always in readiness, and he felt sure that a great storm was coming that would swamp them all. He was so scared that he pointed out the captain and asked him about it. The captain only laughed, and although that made the Kansas man easy in his mind, it also angered him. "These captains," he confided to another passenger, "put on too much style, anyway. There isn't one of them that could tell the difference between a self-binder and a steam tacker."

The First Labor Union.

The first labor organization in the United States was formed by the sailors in 1806.

BOLD BAD ROOSTER.

The Entire Town of Auburn, Me., Is Afraid of Him.

Vanquished All Comers Until Knocked Out in a Scrap with Two Bulldogs—His Honor, However, Still Intact.

Auburn, Me., is the proud possessor of a wonderful rooster. Miss Nellie H., the little daughter of Mrs. Bisbee, of the Auburn waterworks, told the tale to the Lewiston Journal, and it is worth repeating.

That lady has a friend in Warren who has two little children—a boy and a girl. One of the neighbors keeps hens, and two years ago a setting of chickens was hatched. The old mother hen selected one of the chicks and fired it out of the brood. Under no circumstances whatever would she recognize or own it. The outcast was finally presented to the little daughter of Mrs. Bisbee's friend, who nursed and cared for it until it grew to be quite a chicken. Finally it became too large to keep in the house and was put outdoors. As the little girl could no longer care for it as before, she sold it to her brother for five cents. With this change of ownership the chicken began to develop some new traits of character. The new owner plagued it, and the chick soon grew surly and finally pugnacious.

Well, the young bird's disposition did not improve, like wine, with age. It steadily grew worse. One of the neighbors had a garden, but if any member of the family attempted to gather any of the vegetables the young rooster would fly at him with such fury that he had to give up the job and fly himself. The result was that the rooster had the garden to himself, and the relations between the two families became strained. A lady from Rockland came over one day and said she would not be afraid to go into the garden and pick some string beans. The rooster lit on her head, tore down her hair, broke her eyeglasses and made mincemeat of

most of her finery. That ended the battle.

The victorious bird finally began to stop people on the road and turn them back. It would chase them clear into the village, a half mile distant. The neighbors complained that life in that section was becoming unbearable. Cats, dogs and everything else would fly at its approach. Matters at last reached a climax. The law was threatened unless the obnoxious bird should be removed. Finding it impossible to restore harmony in any other way, it was at last decided to ship the rooster away.

The lady of the house in this emergency consulted her Auburn friend. She was assured that Auburn had some good fighting blood, and could care for herself even with this master of the art. The young son of Alderman Vickery was selected to take charge of the bird and humble its proud spirit.

In due time the rooster reached the shoe city and was installed in its new quarters in Minor avenue. For a few days the bird remained quiet. It was simply studying the situation and taking its bearings. Then it opened up again. A series of unbroken triumphs followed in rapid succession. Young Vickery was placed hors de combat. Mrs. Vickery declared that she would never be driven by a rooster—so sallied forth to meet her adversary. Alas! she met the fate of all who had trodden the same path, and soon retired ingloriously from the field. The city father took up the cudgel and met the same fate.

One morning the rooster was among the missing. The grocery man soon came in and said that he had witnessed a battle that morning between the rooster and two big bulldogs. For a long time victory had trembled in the balance, but finally had perched upon the banner of the dogs. The bird was left for dead upon the field. But here was where all calculations failed.

The supposed corpse was found and brought back to the house. Few tears were shed and the family indulged in mutual congratulations; but, alas! the rooster was not dead but sleeping. He was simply knocked out. An experiment soon restored and brought him to a realizing sense of his defeat. For the first time he had been whipped, but his honor was still intact. A few days' rest and he was again ready for battle. The neighbors in that section of the city are now trembling between hope and fear. The hope that the battle between the rooster and the dogs may be renewed, but fear that the dogs may go under the next time. At present the fighting bird is in a strong barred cage.

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The supposed corpse was found and brought back to the house. Few tears were shed and the family indulged in mutual congratulations; but, alas! the rooster was not dead but sleeping. He was simply knocked out. An experiment soon restored and brought him to a realizing sense of his defeat. For the first time he had been whipped, but his honor was still intact. A few days' rest and he was again ready for battle. The neighbors in that section of the city are now trembling between hope and fear. The hope that the battle between the rooster and the dogs may be renewed, but fear that the dogs may go under the next time. At present the fighting bird is in a strong barred cage.

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BOLIVAR FANS HIMSELF.

And Then He Tries to Get an Ostrich Feather Fan for His Elephant Mate Empress.

If this story from the Philadelphia Times is true, elephantine wisdom has received a start. It is the outcome of attempts to keep the rhinoceros cool without wearing him away with constantly dripping water, which had already reduced him to almost a skeleton. Morosely the rhinoceros watched the hanging of two paddles over his head. He took no interest whatever in the proceedings until they began to revolve, sending cool air over his body in lieu of the deadly drip.

Now Bolivar, the big elephant in the next apartment, was attracted by the



MAKING HIMSELF COMFORTABLE.

whirling noise, and pushed his trunk over the partition to investigate, only to receive a slap from the fast-revolving blade. Roaring with rage, he then attempted to stop the whirling fan, but the continued blows proved too much for him, and he retired moodily to think it over.

Quite a time he meditated, and then received an inspiration from a woman visitor, who was industriously plying a palm leaf fan. Not being able to ask her for it, Bolivar, as gently as possible, took it from her, bowing at the same time, as though begging her pardon. Then, to the great enjoyment of the spectators, he commenced plying the palm leaf vigorously, occasionally bestowing a few draughts of air from the fan upon Empress, his companion in captivity. This was quite pleasing to the keepers, and all went well until another lady visitor chanced to pass, also fanning herself, but she used a gorgeous ostrich fan.

Again Bolivar's active mind applied itself and planned dire mischief. An ostrich occupies the compartment next to Bolivar, and going to the bars the big elephant quietly slipped its trunk into the cage where the ostrich was catching a few minutes' sleep, propped upon one leg, crane fashion. Encircling several large plumes he gave a tug, and, it not being plucking season, occasioned the ostrich such pain that he caused a racket. The keepers, hurrying in, saw the cause of the disturbance, and as a punishment Bolivar was deprived of both his palm leaf and his ostrich fan.

CERTAINLY DID BETTER.

How a Young English Newspaper Woman Improved Her Financial and Social Condition.

"There are more ways than one to make a living," said a demure little woman with flashing black eyes the other day. "I know a woman who was left penniless in London. She was struck with the sameness of certain kinds of advertisements that are posted up. She thought that she could write good advertisements, and she thought out a lot of little rhymes for a certain article. She submitted them

to the advertising manager of the firm and they were accepted, and now she is making a deal of money every year with her verses extolling various wares."

"Pshaw!" said a blonde who was with the demure little woman, "I know of a case here that discounts that."

"I don't believe it," said the demure little woman.

"Well, I do, and I'll tell you about it to prove it. A friend of mine who had been doing some newspaper work got the craze for writing advertisements, and she went round to a lot of places, only to find that they were well supplied with people to look after that branch of their business. She did find one firm that was willing to let her try her hand, and she began work. In less than a year she was comfortably off for the rest of her life."

"Did she invent some new style of writing, or something of that kind?" asked the demure little woman.

"No," replied the blonde, "she didn't; but she did better—she married the senior partner."

CAPTIVATED HER EMPLOYER.

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WHERE THE BEE IS SOLD.

J. F. Smothers, 1827 7th st. n. w.
C. W. Chapman, 1500 14th st. n. w.
Dixon's Barber Shop, 1745 L st. n. w.
R. F. Plummer cor. 2nd and H sts. s. w.
Bellar's Drug Store, 16th & M sts. n. w.
W. Bishop Johnson Jr., 12th & R sts. n. w.



KEEP THE FLAG FLYING.

City Paragraphs

Attorney Thomas L. Jones will speak in Maryland next week.

Capt. James Perry of Iedroit Park is very sick. Since the above he has died.

Mr. Lewis H. Douglass left the city last week where he has been invited to speak in the campaign.

Miss Helen Parker of 1st St. S. W., has been sick for several days and unable to perform her school duties.

Captain James A. Perry died at his residence Thursday Evening. He was one of the best known men in this city.

Mrs. Ida R. Turley, wife of Mr. Hamilton Turley and sister of Dr. John R. Francis is living dangerously ill at her home.

Mr. Simms, who was charged with indecent exposure was acquitted in the Police Court before Judge Scott Friday. There was not the slightest evidence of guilt.

Mr. John A. Moore, Feed Dealer, 7th and Boundary, N. W., is one of the best places in the city to buy feed stuff. You get full weight of what ever you buy from him. He keeps nothing but the best and freshest feed. See his "Ad" in this paper.

Williams Bros. Slate Co., 609 N. Y. Ave. N. W., also are dealers in Coal and Wood upon a very large scale. They will have on hand the first of the month one of the largest consignments of Wood and Coal that was ever consigned to a coal merchant. Williams Bros. Coal is scived in the presence of their customers, and you also get a full ton of genuine pure coal. It will pay those who contemplate buying their winter coal to leave their order at once with this firm.

MCKINLEY, ROOSEVELT and HOME INDUSTRIES.

A CAMPAIGN SONG FOR 1900, COMPOSED BY R. C. O. BENJAMIN, EDITOR OF STANDARD, LEXINGTON, KY.

[For the W. Calvin Chase Republican Club.]

[Tune, "Hold the Fort."] McKinley is our standard bearer, A statesman, soldier, too; Reverberated throughout the Nation, Redoubtable and true.

CHORUS.
Hold the fort for home industries, Bill and Tiddie will; Sweep the States from Maine to Kansas, By our votes they will.

Brilliant, valiant, great and noble, See our leaders name; On this mound of fame immortal, North and South the same.

(CHORUS.)
Roosevelt, the bold Rough Rider, On to victory grand, Reassures a troubled Nation Triumph is at hand.

(CHORUS.)
Loyal men of Massachusetts, McKinley's acts adore, And with Maine and California, Sing from shore to shore.

(CHORUS.)
Iowa and Pennsylvania, Colorado true, Join and shout for Bill McKinley And for Teddie, too

(CHORUS.)
Jersey, New York, Indiana, Take Arkansas, hand, And with Tennessee and Georgia Praise Ohio's man.

(CHORUS.)
Illinois and Mississippi, Now no more apart, But with patriotic feeling, And one in hand and heart.

(CHORUS.)
Oregon believes in fair play, New Hampshire says, alas! Old Kentucky can not count The honest votes -he cast.

(CHORUS.)
The Carolinas want protection, Virginia wants the same; Ohio guarantees the contract In Bill McKinley's name.

(CHORUS.)
Now we'll wave the starry banner Over every foe, Shout hurrah for Bill and Teddie, Hear the bugle blow.

Benjamin's Last Poem.

Republican Meetings—Speakers Selected.

The W. Calvin Chase Republican Club No. 1, of the 14th District held a very large and enthusiastic meeting at its Headquarters on the 21st. Claud Johnson, president, and Dennis Brown, secretary. After a report on the events of the campaign, and speeches by several members a communication was received from the Republican Club of Bladenburg, inviting the Club and a request to furnish them speakers to be present at a republican mass-meeting

to be held in Bladenburg Monday night 29th inst. The following gentlemen were selected: John Melentree, John W. Freeman, and Banfield. All republican clubs of the District are cordially invited to attend this meeting.

JUDGE MILLS FOR McKINLEY.

A Life Long Democrat Declares Himself for McKinley.

Justice Samuel C. Mills, no doubt one of the leading democrats in this city and one of long standing; indeed from his birth he has been a democrat,



JUSTICE SAMUEL C. MILLS.

declared to a representative of THE BEE this week that he is for McKinley's reelection. It will be remembered that Judge Mills is also a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. Judge Mills said that it is for the best interest of the country to reelect Mr. McKinley, that he is a man of broad experience and a wise statesman.

Bishop Hood on Issues.

Continued from First Page.

since the foundation of the government.

Perhaps it may be said that he has had a better opportunity than any. Admitting that, it still remains that he has been fully equal to his great opportunity. Even his opponents praise his Chinese policy. But how could he have had a hand in that important matter if he had scuttled out of the Philippine islands, as some claim he should have done?

I think it must be admitted that the delegations of the powers of the world at Peking owe their salvation to the wisdom of McKinley. And without the base of operations he had in the east he would have been powerless, and could only have viewed with horror a fearful tragedy at a great distance.

This nation enjoys a respect among the nations it had never enjoyed before.

If a great international war is averted at this time the credit will be due to McKinley more than any other man on earth. And it seems to me that all who have any interest in the nation's credit, welfare or destiny must support him now.

The great battle between Christianity and heathenism seems to be approaching, and the Christian powers will do well to be careful in the selection of their standard bearers. The race question will dwindle into insignificance inside of a hundred years.

The Afro-American will be called for by and by to stand with his white brother in the contest which is to open the way for Christian civilization in all lands.

Then—
"We shall know each other better, When the mists have rolled away."
J. W. HOOD.
(Senior Bishop A. M. E. Zion Church, with 500,000 Members.)

HERMAN EBERLY,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in HARNESS, SADDLES AND HORSE EQUIPMENTS IN GENERAL.
No. 1800 Seventh Street, Northwest
...Repairing Promptly Done...

JOHN A. MORE,

—DEALER IN—

Flour Feed and Grain,

Lime, Cement, Plaster, Pitch, Hair, Hardware and Agricultural Implements, Etc.
Cor 7t St. and Florida Ave. N. W.

The Best To Be Had At

WILLIAM CANNON,

1235 SEVENTH STREET, N. W.

WINE, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

WILSON WHISKY A SPECIALTY.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FOR MALARIA

HILLS and FEVER

TAKE

ELIXIR BABEK!

A PREVENTIVE Against Miasmatic Fevers, and Positive Cure for all Malaria Diseases, such as Chills, Fever, and Ague, Loss of appetite, Bilious and Dyspeptic Disorders, Headache, Pains in the Back, Side, or Limbs, Etc.

Collectors Wanted.

Wanted at this office, several good Collectors. Plenty of work and liberal percentage. Call at once.

—NOT IN THE TRUST—

Purity Ice Company.

This ice is made from distilled water drawn from Artesians Wells. It is from the same water veins that furnish the famous Columbia spring. Free from Bacteria and microbes.

J. E. McGAW, Manager.

Cor. Fifth and L Streets N. W.

TELEPHONE 359

Go To S. Davis

1935 L STREET, N. W.

For a choice line of groceries and provisions. ALL KINDS of fresh and salt meats.

Special attention paid to the (Cook and Butcher) trade. Prize ticket given to each purchaser.

H. K. FULTON

LOAN OFFICE

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, &c. MONEY LOANED ON EASY PAYMENTS.

H. K. Fulton has removed his Loan Office from his old stand, 1218 Pa., avenue to his handsome new building, 314 9th street, n. w., between Penn. ave. and D st, n. w., where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER, UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.

314 9th Street, Northwest.

J. T. CARTER

...House Painter...

Painting, Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining, Wall Painting, Paper hanging, Floor staining, and Waxing.

Estimates Cheerfully Given. Never Disappoint.

1004 20 St. Washington, D. C.

PHONE 213

Crescent Laundry Company,

344 PENN. AVE., N. W.

Washington, D. C.

Fine * Work * Guaranteed.

...Work Called For And Delivered...

PHONE 213

J. H. STINSON,

Fine Groceries and Green Market.

416 Franklin Street Northwest.

...P. S. All Goods Delivered...

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—To responsible colored people several houses with all modern improvements. These houses are well located, in perfect repair and will be sold at decided bargains. Small cash payment; balance monthly. Correspondence solicited. Chas. E. Banes, 14th & G sts., n. w.

WILLIAMS BROS. SLATE CO.

Queries Snowden, Va.

Manufacturers of

Virginia Dark Blue Roofing Slate

—DEALERS IN—

Red, Purple, Unfading and Sea Green Slates; also, Blackboards, Mill Stock, Grave Vaults, Water Trays, Urinals, taps, Platforms, Etc.

...REPAIRING A SPECIALTY...

Also Coal and Wood

PROMPT Delivery.

609 N. Y. AVE. N. W.

Washington, D. C.

NELSON'S STRAIGHTINE
The Latest Discovery for Making
KNOTTY, KINKY, CURLY HAIR STRAIGHT

STRAIGHTINE is no experiment, but a thoroughly reliable preparation. It has been successfully used by thousands in all portions of the country. We have hundreds of letters speaking in the highest terms of its merits, and every mail brings us fresh testimonials. Straightine is a highly perfumed pomade; it not only straightens the hair, but removes dandruff, keeps the hair from falling out, cures itching, irritating Scalp Diseases, giving a rich, long and lustrous head of hair—so much to be desired. Guarantees a perfectly harmless. Price, 25 Cents a can at all drug stores, or sent by mail to any address on receipt of 30 Cents in stamps or silver. Address, NELSON MFG CO., Richmond, Va. Big Money for Agents. Write for Terms.

Prescriptions a Specialty. Open Day & Night.

R. PLUMMER,

DRUGGIST.

Cor. 2nd and H Sts N. W.

Washington, D. C.

BARGAINS

IN

PIANOS

Upright and Square Piano.

On Easy Terms

Charles Steiff.

Steiff Piano Warerooms,

521 11th Street N. W.

REDUCED TO \$1.00

BLACK SKIN REMOVER

BEFORE AFTER

A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH.

HAIR STRAIGHTENER. One LARGE JAR thrown in, enough to make any one person's hair grow long and straight.

A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH.

A PRACH-LIKE complexion obtained if used as directed. Will turn the skin of a black or brown person four or five shades lighter, and a milky person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours a shade or two lighter will be noticeable. It does not turn the skin in spots but bleaches out white. One box of this preparation is all that is required if used as directed, the skin remaining beautiful without continual use. Will remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, pimples and black-heads, small-pox pits, tan and liver spots without harm to the skin. When you get the color you wish stop using the preparation. The directions and preparation will be sent to any person for \$1.00, or send Post-Office Money Order, Express Money Order, Registered Letter, or we will send it C. O. D. Packed so that no one will know contents except receiver.

THOS. R. CRANE,

1224 W. Broad St., Richmond, Va.

AMERICAN MARKET.

LEONARD BOTHERS,

Cor. 4th & N Streets, Northwest.

Green and Smoked Sausage, to sell at the exceedingly low figure of 8 1/2 c per lb., so come early and you won't be left.

Best Elgin Butter, 30c per pound.

Pure Butchers' Lard, 7 1/2 c per pound.

Fresh Liver at 6 1/2 Cents a pound.

A Full Line of Mince Meat, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Nuts, Candies, Coconut, & Tapi.

For The Butler's Guide Book

All first class Butlers in Washington will please send their Name and Address to this office, not later than Oct. 15th to insure their publication in the Butler's Catalogue for 1900

1109 I St. N. W. The Bee

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